THE
North-Carolina Standard
IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY—*Two Dollars per annum*, in advance, or within the first month; Two Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—*Four Dollars per annum*, in advance or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding *fourteen lines* will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge. Our charges for ADVERTISING BY THE YEAR are as follows:

One square,	6 months,	(14 lines to a square,)		$ 10
"	12 "	"	"	18
Two squares,	6 months,	"	"	15
"	12 "	"	"	25
Three squares,	6 months,	"	"	20
"	12 "	"	"	30

A limited number of advertisements will be taken for the *Weekly* paper, but no deduction will be made on any but yearly advertisements—these will be inserted at one-fourth less than the regular charge.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

☞ The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

*** Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

A. M. MCPHEETERS, H. CHISELIN. J. W. MARTIN.

A. M. McPHEETERS, & CO.
Wholesale Grocers,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office at No. 6, Roanoke Square,
NORFOLK, VA.

REFERENCES:
THOMAS P. DEVEREUX, Esq., Halifax, N. C.
GEO. W. MORDECAI, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C.
C. DEWEY, Cashier " " "
W. H. JONES, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear.
L. O'B. BRANCH, President Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Messrs. Reid & Souter, Dr. N. C. Whitehead, Pres't Farmer's B'k of Va. } *Norfolk.*
Alex. Bell, Esq.
Messrs. Spence & Reid, *Baltimore.*
" B. Blossom & Son, *New York.*
September 16, 1853. 87—

"SKY LIGHT!" EVANS & COOKE, *No. 29, Cheap Place,* Have received their entire Fall purchase of Goods, which are now open for inspection.

We deem it unnecessary to speak of their cheapness, as it is perfectly understood by ALL that Evans & Cooke believe in quick sales and short profits, and, as usual, are ahead of all competition. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 12. 86—

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. HEAVY RICH
Plaid Silks.
Heavy Brocade Silks.
Heavy Plain Silks.
Black and Blue Watered Silks.
Black Gro de Rhine Silks.
French De Lanes, Plain and Figured.
Do Cashmere, do do
Plaid Raw Silks.
French and English Merinos.
95 pieces cheap DeLane. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 12. 86—

PAINTS AND OILS.—A VERY LARGE SUPPLY of all kinds of PAINTS, OILS, and VARNISHES to hand and for sale, lower than can be bought elsewhere, on the most accommodating terms by P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

WINDOW GLASS.—A LARGE SUPPLY OF ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES, kept on hand or ordered, to suit any size sash at very low rates.

Also, a good supply of PUTTY. Dealers will please give me a chance to fill their orders before buring elsewhere, if they want good bargains. P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CALL AT PESCUD'S DRUG STORE FOR YOUR supplies of American and Foreign PERFUMERY, TOOTH and HAIR BRUSHES, COARSE and FINE COMBS, SOAPS and SHAVING CREAMS, POMADES and HAIR OILS.

Pescud keeps a large stock and sells at a small advance to consumers and the trade.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CIGARS AND CHEWING TOBACCO.—THE lovers' of the WEED will be glad to hear that the subscriber has received an invoice of Superior Cigars—fine Cut and Lump Chewing Tobacco, various brands, and some Smoking Tobacco, as fragrant as they can find anywhere.
P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

RED LARD OIL IS NOW USED BY MANY persons in preference to TRAIN OIL because it is just as good, and much cheaper. A supply for sale very low at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STATE BONDS WANTED.—$3,000 IN STATE BONDS WANTED. Apply at the Standard Office.
Sept. 23, 1853. 89—

LYON'S RAT PILLS AND SALVE. DON'T be annoyed any longer with rats, when you can extirminate them by giving Rat Pills, or greasing their food with Coster's Salve, which you will find at PESCUD'S.

SADDLER, FERTH & ROSS' MUSTARD. A large Case of this Mustard—which is considered the best in the world—by many persons—is just received at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

GLAZIERS' DIAMONDS AND KNIVES.—In Store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

LYON'S RAT PILLS, THE MOST EFFECTUAL remedy ever used for the destruction of Rats, Mice, &c. erby WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

EXTRACTS FOR FLAVORING.—Rose, Vanilla, Orange, Lemon, Butter Almond, Cinnamon and Pine Apple in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TABLE SALT.—VERY FINE AND WHITE in small bags, in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CORN STARCH.—A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

DEPILATORY.—FOR REMOVING SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, for sale by WILLIAS & HAYWOOD.

CHLORINE TOOTH WASH STANDS UNRIVALLED for cleansing the mouth and preserving the teeth and gums. For sale at WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

COD LIVER OIL.—A FRESH SUPPLY of Rushton, Clark & Co.'s just to hand, at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

FLOUR.—SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR, OF NEW Wheat, in Store, and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.
Raleigh, September 2d, 1853. 83—

CHEWING TOBACCO.—I have seven brands of the finest qualities of Chewing Tobacco, one of which is put up by Y. & E. P. Jones, and claimed the Premium at our State Fair, for sale in packages or lots to suit the trade, by P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, November 4th, 1853. 101—

PAINT MILLS.—A GREAT LABOR SAVING MAchine for grinding colors, and one which every painter should have; for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

EDWARD CASHEN, OF MASSACHUSETTS, will hear of something to his advantage by writing to the subscriber at Raleigh, Wake county, North Carolina.
Capt. JOHN RHODES.
Raleigh, Nov. 17, 1853. 1—3tpd.
The Boston Post will please copy the above three times and send copy of paper and account to this office.

HADDOCK FISH.—120 BARRELS HADDOCK Fish, in fine order. For sale at a low price.
NIEMEYER & WHITE.
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853.

RED ASH COAL.—200 TONS BEST RED ASH Philadelphia Coal, in Yard. For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE.
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.—BEST HEAVY Gunny Bagging, 46 inches wide.
Best Dundee Hemp Bagging, 44 do. do.
All in store and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.
Raleigh, Nov. 14, 1853. 1—

FOR SALE IN DECEMBER, WAGGON AND GEAR, good Yoke Oxen, Horses and Carts.
DABNEY COSBY.
Raleigh, Nov. 9, 1853. 103—3t.

NEW RIVER MULLETS.—20 BARRELS NEW River Mullets, in fine order, just received. For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE.
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS ARTICLES.—HARDING now has now a large assortment, probably the best in the City.
E. L. HARDING.

Semi-Weekly Standard.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1853. No. 12.

ISAAC PROCTOR, MERCHANT TAILOR, (*Successor to Oliver & Proctor,*) Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally, his return from the Northern cities, and that he is now receiving his Fall and Winter supplies of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Furnishing Goods and Ready-Made Clothing, which, being bought principally for cash, he is enabled to offer at very low rates.

He has now in store, at the old stand, opposite the Post-Office,
Superfine black, blue, brown, dahlia and other fancy Cloths, of various goods.
Superfine French, English and American Cassimeres, of all prices, plain and fancy.
Superfine Simoni Doeskins, for Pants and Overcoats.
Superfine black Satins and Grenadines.
Plain and figured and fancy silk Vestings.
Fine assortment rich silk Quiltings, for weddings and parties.
Plain and figured Plush Velvets, very rich.

FURNISHING GOODS—A complete assortment, consisting in part of
Superfine plain and fancy dress Shirts.
" 3-ply Collars, large variety.
" Canton Flannel, bleached Drill.
Merino and silk Under-shirts and Drawers.
Silk, cotton and merino plain and fancy Hosiery.
Gloves, very superior kid, black, white and fancy.
Cravats, black and fancy, and a rich assortment for weddings and parties.
Stocks, black, white and fancy, with and without ties.
Suspenders, Dressing Gowns, &c.

In fact everything necessary for a gentleman's complete outfit.

With sincere thanks to his numerous patrons for the liberal encouragement heretofore extended to him, he hopes, by strict attention to their wants, and a determintion to please, to merit its continuance.

Gentlemen furnishing their own goods to be manufactured may rely upon receiving the same care and attention as though sold by himself.

The latest Paris and London fashions just received.

Cutting and repairing done promptly at all times.

He will remind those indebted, six months time is allowed to punctual customers. Those in arrears longer than the above time will please call and close their accounts, either by cash or note, and obligo ISAAC PROCTOR.
Raleigh, Oct. 18th, 1853. 97—

E. L. HARDING, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.—We have opened within the last week upwards of Ten Thousand Dollars worth of superior Ready-Made Clothing, comprising in part as follows:

100 Cloth Dress Coats,
100 " " Frock Coats,
128 Fancy " " "
75 " " Box " "
50 Black " Business "

Overcoats.

75 Black French Bever Cloth Overcoats,
50 Fancy " " "
75 Heavy Petersham " "
50 Partridge "
75 Mountain Beaver "
84 Flushing "
100 Tweed Sack Frock Coats,
75 Satinett " " "
75 Fancy Cassimere Sack Frock Coats,
50 Black " " " "

Cassimere Pants.

100 Black Doe-Skin Cassimere Pants,
150 Fancy " " "
75 Satinette " " "
50 Black Cassimere made whole fronts.

Boys' Clothing.

We have a very good assortment of Boys' Clothing consisting of Fancy Cloth Sacks, Doe-Skin Cassimere Frocks, Tweed Cassimere Sacks and Frocks, Cloth Round Jackets, Satinett Round Jackets, Silk and Satin Vests, Cassimere and Valencia Vests, Fancy and Black Cassimere Pants.

Also, a large lot of Cassimere Coats, Boys' Cloth Talmers, a very pretty style of Overcoats, &c.

We manufacture all the goods we sell, and can safely warrant our goods to wear well. E. L. HARDING.
Raleigh, Oct. 15, 1853. 96—

HAYWOOD & SCOTT ARE NOW OPENING IN Col. Roulhac's new building, on Fayetteville Street, next door above Mr. T. R. Fentress' Clothing establishment, a Fresh Stock of
Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,
Window-Glass and Glassware,
Varnishes and Putty,
Paint Brushes,
Fine Perfumery and Fancy Articles,
Best Tooth and Hair Brushes,
Excellent Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff,
Garden and Field Seeds, &c., &c.

All of which are offered to their friends and the public upon as favorable terms as can be procured in this market.

Particular attention will be paid to putting up Prescriptions for Physicians and Families, at all hours of the day or night, and none but the most choice articles will be used.
Raleigh, August 2d, 1853. 74—6m.

PETER W. HINTON,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
No. 1, 2 and 3 Rotheryé' Wharf,
NORFOLK, VA.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Flour, Cotton, Tobacco and other Produce.
Advances made on consignments.
Strict attention paid to Forwarding and Receiving Merchandise.

REFERENCES.
Maj. CHAS. L. HINTON, Raleigh.
GEORGE W. HAYWOOD, Esq., Raleigh.
J. B. G. ROULHAC, Esq., Raleigh.
WILLIAM PLUMMER, Esq., Warrenton.
April 19, 1853. 44—w6m.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—WE HAVE just returned from New York and Philadelphia with much the LARGEST STOCK of the above that ever was in Raleigh. The stock is too large to enumerate. We have
The very finest Gold and Silver Watches,
Breast Pins, Ear Rings, and Finger Rings,
Fine Razors, Knives, and Straps,
Silver Ware and Plated Ware,
Clocks and Watches,
Pistols and Walking Canes.
Perfumery and Extracts,
Call and see our Jewelry at reduced prices, less per cent than we have heretofore sold.
We are determined to do a large business.
PALMER & RAMSAY.
October 24, 1853. 98—

FALL, 1853.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR THE past two weeks been receiving his usual large supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising a varied assortment for the Fall and Winter trade, which has been purchased invariably for Cash, and which he can assure the public generally he can furnish at prices to please. His Stock consists of nearly every thing wanted by the Farmer and Mechanic, also the City Trade, and would respectfully invite all to an examination of the same.
JAMES McKIMMON.

BLANKETS AND FLANNELS.—9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 and 13-4 sup'r Bed Blankets, Crib and Cradle do., White, Blue, Red and Green Mackinaw Blankets, Negro Blankets—all kinds, Saddle and Horse do., White, Red, Yellow, Green and Gray Flannels, all grades, Fancy French, Flannels for Sacks, all colors, In store and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

NEGRO GOODS.—KERSEYS OF ALL GRADES, Plaid, Striped and Plain Linseys, Marlboro' and Gala Stripes and Plaids, Cotton Osnaburgs and Heavy Shirtings, Russet & Black Brogans—Heavy Boots, just received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

GROCERIES.—LOAF, CRUSHED, GROUND AND CLARIFIED SUGARS,
Java, Laguira, and Rio Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
Sugar House Syrup and Molasses,
Maderia, Cherry, Port and Champagne Wines, Cooking Wines,
Cog. Brandy, warranted pure,
Old Monongahela Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum, Holland Gin,
London Brown and Scotch Ale, for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

HATS AND CAPS.—FALL STYLE AND BEST quality Moleskin Hats,
Cloth Caps of every variety and price,
Servant's Wool Hats, Black, Brown and Drab, just received.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, Oct. 7, 1853. 93—

SOAPS, &c.—VARIETIES OF TOILET, SHAVING, and Fancy Soaps. Lyon's Kathairon, Barry's Tricopherus, Rowlands' genuine Macassar Oil, Bears Oil, Beef Marrow for the hair, for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
September 9, 1853. 85—

PIANOS, MUSIC, STRINGS, &c.—ANOTHER Lot of new and splendid Pianos, of fashionable style and elegant tone and finish, just opened at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

A BEAUTIFUL 5 OCTAVE MELODEON, with three beautiful Pedals, for inspection and sale at the MUSIC STORE.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE MUSIC received at the MUSIC STORE.

A NEW SUPPLY OF PICTURES, WITH AND without Frames; also Gilt Mouldings of every description, for sale at the MUSIC STORE.

EXCELSIOR SOAP.—300 LBS. OF THIS SUPERior family soap, in store and for sale cheap by the box or round, at WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

EGGERT & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 232, PRATT STREET, BALTIMORE.—The Subscribers respectfully call the attention of the public to their *Grand, Square and Upright Pianos*, of 6¾, 6¾, 7 and 7¼ octaves, for which the Maryland Institute, for the promotion of Mechanic Arts, has awarded the first premium ever awarded by that institute for improvement in *Grand and Square Pianos*. These Pianos are in large sized, highly finished cases of Rosewood, WITH ENTIRE IRON FRAME, constructed in the most substantial manner, with all the modern improvements.

The manufacturers use none but the very best seasoned timber, and materials of the choicest qualities, that enable them to warrant their instruments to stand any climate.

The Firm has a Patent Right action, operating on such principles that friction is almost entirely relieved or avoided, and their piano can therefore never get out of order.

For chasteness of design, elegance of finish, as well as for fullness, richness, and beauty of tone, these Pianos rank foremost, and are equal to any made here or in Europe.

Wherever these Pianos have been introduced, they have given, in every instance, entire satisfaction.

We warrant our instruments to stand good for *five years* under careful treatment, and will receive them back and substitute others, any time within the first six months from the sale of it, if it shall not prove satisfactory.
EGGERT & CO.

☞ MR. CHARLES CLIFFMILLER is our sole agent for the sale of our pianos in the State of North Carolina.
Baltimore, June 83. 64—6m.

VIRGINIA MANUFACTORY OF CABINET FURNITURE, and Agent for *Nunn's & Clarke's Celebrated Piano Fortes.*—LEWIS SALUSBURY, No. 58 and 60, Main street, Norfolk, Virginia.

It is zettled beyond doubt that we are selling lower than any other house at the South.

The subscriber invites the attention of purchasers of Furniture to his stock now in store, and to which daily additions are now being made, consisting of
Rosewood, Mahogany and Black Walnut Bureaus, with and without Glasses, Marble Tops,
Secretaries, Marble Top Washstands,
Centre, Sofa, Side and Work Tables, Painted Furniture,
Toilet Tables, Commodes, Whatnots, Hall Stands,
Stuffed, Easy, Rocking and Parlor Chairs,
Couches, Bedsteads, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Divans,
Ottomans, Window Seats, Crickets, Wardrobes,
Card Tables, Mirrors, as well as all kinds of Cane and Wood work,
Also white and Grey live Geese Feathers, both kiln dried and in the original packages,
Common Feathers, Hair, Palm Leaf and Straw Mattresses,
Hair Cloth Burlaps, Gimp, Sofa and Chair Springs,
Glass Plates, Wooden and Willow ware,
Clocks, Castors, Knobs, &c.

We would also call the attention of the public to Robinson's Patent Bed Sofas, for which we have the Agency. They are the best article of the kind in use, both as regards the work and convenience, being less complicated and making a wider bed by four inches than other kinds, more than all this they are sold for dollars less. The dealers in Furniture will find here as full an assortment, and as low prices as in any establishment in the South or elsewhere.

UNDERTAKING—Every attention paid to this branch of our business—being constantly supplied with Coffins of every description, both Metalic, Mahogany and other kinds. Immediate dispatch given to all orders by mail.
Norfolk, Oct. 15, 1853. 96—6mpd.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Printer and Publisher of *Busbee's Supreme Court Reports, &c.*, begs to inform his friends and public generally, that he is prepared to execute every description of Printing on the shortest notice, and in a style which cannot be surpassed by any other office in the state. Orders promptly attended to.
STANDARD OFFICE, *Raleigh,*
July 30, 1853.

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR, BUILDER OF STEAM ENGINES AND GENERAL MACHINIST. The above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

"AURRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

"Mr. SILAS BURNS—*Dear Sir:* Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot, in 35¼ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 35 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes too many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c., JONES & BARBEE."
June 2, 1852. 59—

PLEASANT GROVE MALE ACADEMY, *Wake Forest, N. C.*—WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.—The Seventh Session of this institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. The Academy is situated 1 mile from Forestville. The location of this institution for health, morality and convenience cannot be surpassed by any. The Trustees of this school have more than realized their expectations in Mr. CRENSHAW as a teacher, and would say to the public that he is a thorough scholar and a good instructor. Board can be had at $6 per month. For further particulars address DR. WESLEY HARTSFIELD,
Forestville, Wake Co., N. C.
Nov. 23, 1853. 3—tf.

NOTICE TO PENSIONERS. PERSONS ON THE Pension Roll at Fayetteville will have their business attended to promptly by making the undersigned their Agent to collect the same.

Claims for Pension and Bounty Land, for services in the Revolutionary War, War of 1812, Mexican and all the Indian Wars, prosecuted promptly.

Highest cash price paid for Land Warrants, for a Northern Company. JNO. M. ROSE.
Fayetteville, Oct. 28, 1853 100—3m.

STILL THEY COME.—J. J. BIGGS & CO., HAVE just received another lot of fine Over Coats, also cheap Sack and Frock Coats, Pants, Vests, &c., &c.

Our stock is replenished every month by the senior partner of the firm, who resides in one of the principal Northern Cities, and thus it is we assure the public that we can and will sell clothing as low for cash, as any other house in the State. Call at our well known, cheap cash store, and examine for yourself.
Raleigh, Nov. 24, 1853. 3—4t.

Fall and Winter, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER:
Black and colored Silks,
French and English Merinoes, a fine assortment,
Printed and Plain Muslin DeLains,
Worked Collars and Undersleeves,
Embr'd and Plain Linen Cambric H'd'k'fs,
Muslin and Lace Edgings, a great variety,
Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of all kinds,
White and Tan Colored floss skirting,
For sale by J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayettoville Street.
Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

Special Express Notice,

SOUTHERN ENTERPRISE.—PARISEN AND KING'S *Express Between Lynchburg and Petersburg.* We have this day concluded a contract for the exclusive privilege and control of all Packages and Parcels going between Rice's Station, Farmville, Walker's Church, Gl'er Hill and Lynchburg, on and by Messrs. Flagg, Caldwell & Co's line of Stages. We are now prepared to forward Light Packages and Parcels through in nineteen hours, and at reduced rates. PARISEN & KING, Petersburg.
September 13, 1853. 86—

NEW FLOURING MILL.—THE SUBSCRIBER'S NEW FLOURING MILL is now in successful operation, and he is turning out a very superior article of flour. He is now ready for custom, which he respectfully solicits. The best cash prices paid for wheat.

My Mills are situated within about two miles of Raleigh, on Walnut Creek.
W. F. COLLINS.
Sept. 27, 1853. 90—tf.

FLUTES, FLAGEOLETS AND FIFE'S FOR sale lower than any other House in the State. Call at the N. C. BOOK-STORE.
Raleigh, Nov. 14, 1853. 104—

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC FOR 1854. For sale, wholesale and retail by H. D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore.
Raleigh, Oct. 25, 1853. 98—

METROPOLITAN FEMALE SEMINARY. The subscriber proposes to open, on the second Monday in January next, in the City of Raleigh, a High School for young ladies, under the above title.

For this purpose, he has purchased the property formerly owned, and employed for school purposes, by the late Rev. J. J. Finch. It is situated on Halifax street, a few hundred yards north of the Capitol, in a pleasant and desirable part of the city; sufficiently near, to enjoy all the advantages of the city, and sufficiently retired to be free from most of its annoyances.

He has also purchased an unimproved lot, in the same vicinity,—one of the most eligible and beautiful sites in the city, upon which he intends, as soon as circumstances will admit, to erect large and commodious buildings, with special reference to school purposes. Many circumstances conspire to render Raleigh a most desirable location for a female school. Its proverbial healthfulness; the objects of interest, which attach to it, as the capitol of the State; its accessibility by means of rail roads; the high character of the institutions it already contains; and its growing importance, giving promise of permanent prosperity, are all circumstances which cannot be overlooked by parents, desiring to give their daughters a polite and an accomplished education. The subscriber will be assisted in the duties of the school by Mrs. McDowell and other competent and experienced instructors; and all the facilities necessary to a first class school, will be promptly provided.

The course of instruction will be thorough; embracing all the branches usually taught in High Schools or Colleges, and diplomas will be granted to those who complete the course. Certificates of graduation will also be given in Music and other Ornamental Branches, to those who attain the requisite proficiency.

The sessions and vacations will be arranged to correspond as nearly as practicable with those of Wake Forest College, in order that parents patronizing both Institutions, may have the advantage of sending their sons and daughters together.

TERMS PER SESSION.

Primary Department,	$10
Prepatory Department,	15
Classical and Scientific Department,	25
Music on Piano and Guitar, including the use of Instrument,	25
Other Ornamental Branches at the usual prices.	
Board including washing, fuel, &c.,	60
Contingent Expenses.	1

Payable promptly at the end of each session.

No deduction for absence, after a pupil has entered, except in cases of protracted sickness. The above terms are as moderate, it is believed, as the expensiveness of living and the facilities, which will be provided, will justify. But experience has taught that Parents, who properly appreciate the education of their children, are more solicitous about the character of the *instruction* imparted, than about the price paid for it.

Hence the prime object will not be to make the school *as cheap* as possible, but to render the instruction as *efficient* as possible.

The subscriber flatters himself that the experience he has had in teaching young ladies and the satisfaction he has been enabled to give, will be a sufficient guarantee, to all who may be disposed to patronize his school, that their daughters will be properly cared for, and faithfully instructed. And as he has undertaken this enterprise at the urgent solicitation of numerous friends, and under the impression that important interests may be subserved thereby, he trusts that he shall not lack that generous sympathy and liberal support which have been accorded to him elsewhere.
A. McDOWELL.
Nov. 8th, 1853. 4—12MJ.

HENDERSON MALE ACADEMY, *Granville County, N. C.*—H. D. BRACY, Principal.—In offering this School to the public, the Trustees flatter themselves that they have procured the services of a gentleman pre-eminently qualified to direct it with ability. He comes well recommended as a Teacher of the highest order; a Graduate, capable of teaching a thorough course, preparatory to entering the highest Classes in the University of North Carolina, and from the experience he has acquired in teaching, he flatters himself that he will be able to give undoubted satisfaction.

There is now nearly completed in the Town of Henderson, removed from the business of the place, one of the neatest Academies in the State, which has been built by the patriotic citizens of the place, bringing also to their aid the friends of education round about, and that too at a heavy expense, and it would be suicidal in us as Trustees not to place it on the best footing.

The gentleman whose services we offer to the public is a native of Virginia, by birth and education, and therefore has feelings allied with our own; as he wishes to make this permanently his home, he would ask all who know him to aid in this great work, the education of the heart as well as the head, and when this shall be done he can have the pleasing gratification of knowing that he has performed the part of the philanthropist—the scholar.

Henderson presents one of the finest fields for the encouragement of education in the State, combining health, morality and intelligence. It has also other advantages; it is easy of access, being situated immediately on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road; also at the terminus of a branch of the great Western Stage Line, affording to all who may wish to patronize the School easy access.

The Scholastic year of this Institution is divided into two Sessions of five months each. The Spring Term to commence the first Monday in January, 1854. The Fall Term will commence the first Monday in July following, and at the close of each Term there will be a public examination.

Board can be had in the Village or country, as may be desired, at usual rates.

No deduction for loss of time except in cases of protracted illness.

We would impress upon all who may wish to patronize the School the necessity of being ready to enter on duty the first of the Session.

TERMS:

Tuition for Primary Course, per Session,	$10 00
do Higher Branches of English, per Session,	12 50
do Mathematics and Languages,	15 00

For further particulars address the Secretary.
By order of the Board of Trustees.
LEWIS H. KITTLE, Sec'y.
November 19th, 1853. 3—tf5F.

WAYNE INSTITUTE & NORMAL COLLEGE.—GOLDSBOROUGH, N. C.—WM. ROBINSON, President, and Principal of the Classical Department.
John Robinson, Principal of the English Department, and Professor of Mathematics.
Miss Emily Webb, Principal of the Female Schools.

TRUSTEES.

Hon. Thos. Ruffin, Wm. K. Lane, Richard Washington, John A. Green, Wm. T. Dortch, J. J. Baker, Wm. B. Edmundson, John T. Kennedy, Council Best, Wm. C. Bryan, and William Robinson.

The Spring Session of each year will open on the 1st Monday in January, and close on the 4th Friday in May.

The Fall term will open on the 1st Monday in July, and close on the 4th Friday in November.

The school is in a flourishing condition, and the large number of students already in attendance, fully attests the wide spread reputation of Mr. Robinson as a thorough and practical teacher, who, with competent assistants, are laboring with indefatigable zeal, for the prosperity of the Institution.

There will be an Annual Examination at the close of each Spring Term, and in order to prepare creditably for this, it is earnestly desired that students should be always present at the opening of each session.

For rates of tuition, terms of admission &c., address the Principal. JOHN A. GREEN, *Secretary.*
Goldsborough, Nov. 2, 1853. 104—15J.

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY.—WM. A. WATKINS, Principal. JOS. J. AVERITT, Associate. The next Session will commence on the first Monday in January, 1854, and continue five months.

TERMS:

Orthography, Reading, Writing Geography, Arithmetic and English Grammar,	$10
Higher English Branches, Mathematics, Ancient Languages,	$15

No deduction unless in cases of protracted sickness. Board per month can be had at $9.

Mr. Watkins is a Teacher of several years' experience, and furnishes the highest testimonials of qualification from the Faculty of Emory & Henry College, of which he is a graduate, as well as from a number of gentlemen of high standing in the neighborhood where he has been teaching. The Trustees therefore, have every reason to regard themselves as fortunate in securing his services as Principal of this Institution.

Mr. Averitt bears with him a Diploma on the Latin Language, and several distinctions on other branches, from the University of Virginia. It is proposed to give instruction in the French and Spanish Languages to those who may desire it. JOEL KING,
Pres't of the Board of Trustees.
December 1, 1853. 1001—6w.

KNAPP OF REEDS MALE ACADEMY, GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.—The 1st Session of this School will commence on the 2d Monday in January next, under the charge of Mr. Samuel Clement, a young gentleman of some experience as a teacher. The Academy is situated 15 miles west of Oxford, on the Oxford and Hillsborough road, in a healthy location.

Good Board can be had in the neighborhood for $5 per month, no extra charges for lights, &c.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

Elementary English Branches,	$5,00
Arithmetic and the higher English branches,	7,50
Languages,	10,00

ALEX. FLEMING, *Sec'y. Board Trustees.*
Knap of Reeds, Dec. 5, 1853. 7—2t.
☞ Spirit of the Age copy twice, and send bill to this Office.

DAN RIVER INSTITUTE.—THE SPRING SESSION of this School will commence on the 9th of January. Board can be had from $6 to $8 per month.
A. C. LINDSEY
Yanceyville, Dec. 5, 1853. 8—3w.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF SARATOGA WATER. For sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
September 9, 1853. 86—

PLEASANT GROVE FEMALE INSTITUTE, Franklin County, N. C. The 5th Session of this School will commence under the charge of Miss Harriet N. Adams, on the 1st Monday in January. The situation is one of the most healthy in the State, eight miles south of the White Sulphur and the Shocco Springs. The young Ladies will have every facility afforded them in the prosecution of their studies, and will be under the immediate care of Miss Adams and Mrs. Branch, both in and out of School. This Institution is of the *first order*, and those who avail themselves of its advantages will not be disappointed.

Those residing in the lower Counties, who desire health and comfort, together with a good opportunity of acquiring useful instruction, both in Literary and ornamental education, will do well to give this School a trial.

TERMS PER SESSION.

Higher English branches,	$12,50
Lower " "	10,00
Music on Piano,	12,50
Acordion,	12,50
Guitar,	10,00
Drawing and French, each,	8,00
Needle work gratis.	
Board per month,	7,50

Address, WM. J. BRANCH,
Louisburg, N. C.
December 3, 1853. 8—8t.

DUNNSVILLE MALE ACADEMY—J. HENRY NORWOOD, Principal.—The first session of this institution, under the management of the above Principal, will commence on the 2d Monday in January, 1854. Dunnsville Academy is situated in a moral and healthy neighborhood, in Wake County, North Carolina, nine miles north of Raleigh, on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road.

Tuition varying according to studies, from $7 50 to $15 per session. Board can be had convenient to the school for $6 per session. For further particulars address PETERSON DUNN, *Secretary,*
Raleigh, N. C.
December 8th, 1853. 7—4t.
☞ Spirit of the Age copy 4 times and send account to this office.

LOUISBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.—Franklin County, N. C. A. H. RAY and JANE A RAY, *Principals and Teachers in the Solid Branches.* Miss E. W. CURTIS, *Piano, Vocal Music.* Miss S. P. Adams, *Piano, Vocal Music, Drawing and Painting.* Miss M. L. PLEASANTS, *Penmanship, English Branches.* Miss A. E. KIMBRO', *Guitar, English Branches.*

The next Session begins the 1st Monday in January. Board and washing, $45 per session. Tuition as formerly. The situation has superior advantages as regards health and good society. Persons desiring further information will have a Circular forwarded on application to the Principal.
JOHN D. HAWKINS,
President of the Board.
December 1, 1853. 1001—5w.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.—THE NEXT Session will commence on the first Monday in January, 1854.

RATES TUITION (PAYABLE ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.)

For Reading, Writing, with the first rudiments of English Grammar and Geography,	$10,00
English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic,	12,50
For any thing higher,	15,00
For the College Classes, (without any extra charge for the Languages,)	20,00
EXTRA EXPENSES.	
Music on Piano,	20,00
Use of Instrument,	8,00
The same on Guitar,	
Drawing and Painting,	12,00
Oil Painting,	15,00
Needle Work,	5,00
Board per month,	8,00
Washing per month,	1,00

Musical Soirees will be given during each term.
T. T. GRANDY,
Sec'y of Board of Trustees.
December 19, 1853. 10—1yw.

WARRENTON FEMALE INSTITUTE.—The 26th semi-annual Session of this Institution will commence on the 1st MONDAY in January, 1854.

Pupils will be received at any time during the Session and charged ONLY from the time of entrance. For Circulars and further particulars apply to the Principals,
GRAVES & WILCOX,
Warrenton, N. C.
December 16, 1853. 9—3m.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GENERAL PRODUCE BROKERS,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

Offer their services to the Shipping, Planting, Trading and Manufacturing Interests.

☞ We will give strict attention to Shipping or Selling Tobacco, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Lumber, and Naval Stores; and Forwarding Merchandise with Despatch.
Lime, Plaster, Gunno, Cement and Salt, always on hand.
HENRY V. NIEMEYER, JAMES C. WHITE.
August 8th, 1853. 76—3m.

GENERAL AGENCY, WASHINGTON CITY. JENNINGS PIGOTT, of Carteret County, N. C. Attorney at Law, practicing in the Sup

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Extract from the Report of Mr. McClelland, Secretary of the Interior.

The land system is founded in correct principles, and needs but little modification or change. The pre-emption feature might possibly be advantageously enlarged and more liberal. Sound policy requires that every encouragement should be held out for actual settlement and cultivation.

Nothing retards the growth and prosperity of the country more, nor inflicts greater injury upon the resident, than the possession, by individuals or companies, of extensive uncultivated tracts of the public lands. To correct this evil, facilities should be liberally extended to the actual settler, and withheld from the mere speculator.

During the last fiscal year 9,819,411 acres have been surveyed, and 10,363,891 acres brought into market. In the same period there were—

	Acres.
Sold	1,083,495
Located with military bounty land warrants	6,142,360
Located with other certificates	9,427
Selected for the States, as swamp lands	16,684,253
Donated for railroads, &c	1,427,457
Making a total of	25,346,992

Showing an increase in quantity sold and located with land warrants, and under grants, of 12,231,818 acres over the previous fiscal year.

The quantity of land sold during the second and third quarters of 1852, was 334,451 acres; amount received therefor, $623,687 59.

Quantity sold second and third quarters of 1853, 1,609,919 acres; amount received therefor, $2,226,876 36.

The whole number of land warrants issued, under existing laws, up to the 30th September last, was 266,042 of which there were then outstanding 66,947. The quantity of land required to satisfy the latter is 4,778,120 acres.

Warrants have been issued to the 30th September last, under the act of 11th February, 1847, calling for 12,879,280 acres.
Under the acts of September 28, 1850, and March 22, 1852, for 12,505,360 "
Making a total of 25,384,640 "

There have been issued, under the act of 31st August, 1852, for the satisfaction of Virginia land warrants, 1,657 pieces of land scrip, embracing 229,609 acres. It is supposed the scrip yet to be issued under this act will require 870,000 acres.

It may be several years before the land warrants and scrip will be exhausted, and until then the amount of land sold for cash will be comparatively small.

The entire area of the public domain is estimated at about 1,584,000,000 acres. That within the States (exclusive of California) is 471,892,439 acres. Its purchase was effected at the rate of 14.41 cents per acre, amounting to $67,999,700

To this should be added the Indian reservations, which enter into the original cost, amounting to 3,400,725 acres, which, valued at $1 23 per acre, would make 4,250,906

Up to the 30th June, 1853, 334,256,810 acres had been sold, at an expense of 2.07 cents per acre, making 6,919,116

And 184,667,135 acres sold at an additional expense for selling, at 5.32 cents per acre, making 9,824,291

The entire cost (including survey and selling) being 88,994,013

The whole amount accuring from sales up to 30th June, 1853, was 142,283,478

Being $53,289,465 more than the cost of the whole, thus far, inclusive of survey and sale.

Of the surveyed lands there have been granted—
For educational purposes 11,199,973 acres
For military bounties 24,841,980 "
And for internal improvements 16,607,013 "
Making 52,648,966 "

There yet remain of the surveyed lands 96,940,709 acres, worth (after deducting the cost of selling yet to be borne) $116,018,641

And 137,635,629 acres, worth (after deducting the expense of surveying and selling) 161,873,263

Making 277,891,904

To which add the net profits received for land actually sold 53,289,465

And we find that, while the purchase, survey, and sale of the public lands will, in the end, have cost 888,994,013, the net amount which will have been realized therefor is the enormous sum of 331,181,369

It is thus shown that the general government, instead of being a loser, as many have supposed, by its connexion with the public lands, has found them not only a source of revenue, but a ready means of promoting the cause of general education, and of bestowing well-earned rewards for military service.

In the Territories and new States, where many of the public lands remain for a long period unsold, liberal grants should be made for those great highways which, to a certain extent, may be considered local in their character, though general in their influence, and not conflicting with the interests of the old States. In this way, without any expenditure of money, the general government can greatly increase the value of the public domain. It has never made such a donation without being fully repaid. The principle of granting alternate sections, and selling those reserved at double the ordinary price, has been found, by experience, to be most salutary. By reason of the improvements made with such grants, large tracts of land that had long lain waste have been brought into market, and found a ready sale; the surrounding country has been peopled; the revenue has been augmented by the increased consumption of foreign merchandise; and the State in which the improvements have been thus made, and not unfrequently the adjacent States, have been largely benefited. Without these donations and consequent improvements, some of the finest portions of the new States would have continued a wilderness; lands that had been for fifteen or twenty years in the market might have remained as much longer unsold, and thus the prosperity and advancement of the whole country greatly retarded. The loss to the government would have been serious, without any corresponding benefit. The true policy is, to bring the lands into market, and by all legitimate means, dispose of them as speedily as possible; justice to those who have been induced to settle in the new States and Territories, and the interests of the government, alike demand it. The strongest political and economical considerations, therefore, dictate this course.

On the 20th September, 1850, a grant of lands was made to the States of Illinois, Mississippi, and Alabama, to aid in the construction of the great Central railroad from Chicago to Mobile. To afford these States an opportunity of making their selections, the lands along the proposed route of the road were, for a short period, withdrawn from market, most of them being of little value to the States in which they were, or to the general government, until the grants were made, and it was ascertained that the road would be constructed; but then they were brought up with avidity, and are now considered as most choice and valuable.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company was incorporated, and the route of the road, and its branches, within that State, designated by an act of the legislature, in February, 1851. During the half year ending the 31st December, 1850, the quantity of land sold and located with bounty land warrants, in the district traversed by the road, was 342,487,88 acres. The alternate sections reserved to the United States were released from reservation and brought into market in July, August, and September, 1852, and during that and the next succeeding quarter the sales and locations amounted to 1,274,522.28 acres; showing an increase over the corresponding half year next preceding the location of the road, of 932,034.40 acres.

The unselected lands in the Augusta and Columbus districts, in the State of Mississippi, were restored to market in the month of September last; and notwithstanding the sales in those districts had for many years been very limited, the lands thus restored met with ready sales, at enhanced prices. The quantity sold at Augusta in the month of September, 1849, was only 424 acres; and in the same month in the years 1850, 1851, and 1852, much less; and yet in five days in September last, after the route of the road had been established, and the alternate sections designated by the State, 19,530 acres were sold for $31,046, being $9,643 more than their aggregate value at the minimum price. In the Columbus district, in the short space of 12 days, in the month of September last, 22,504 acres were disposed of; whereas, in all the month of September, 1849, the quantity sold was only 2,358 acres.

The lands withdrawn from market in June, 1852, to enable the State of Missouri to locate the routes and select the lands granted to her, by the act approved the 10th of that month for the construction of certain railroads, were restored to market on the 5th of July last, and between that day and the 30th of September following, 318,889 acres were sold being 150,000 acres more than were sold in the corresponding quarters in 1850, 1851, and 1852 combined.

A like effect has been produced upon the sales of the alternate sections reserved to the United States wherever similar grants have been made.

Previous to the grant for the construction of the Sault Ste. Marie canal, the sales of lands in the Lake Superior region were not large, amounting, in the second and third quarters of 1852, to only 46,689 acres; whereas, during the corresponding quarters in 1853, after the canal was commenced, the sales increased to 89,073 acres—and this when the work is in progress of construction. Doubtless the increase will be far greater when the canal is completed.

There can be as little doubt of the constitutionality of such grants as of their propriety. The right to donate a part for the enancement of the value of the residue can no longer be justly questioned. The principle has been adopted and acted upon for nearly thirty years; and since experience has shown it to be productive of so much good, no sound reason is perceived why it should now be abandoned. It has been of incalculable importance to the great west, and, either directly or indirectly to all the States.

As many projects have been, and many others probably will be, presented to Congress by interested parties, it may be difficult, practically, to discriminate between those that are worthy and those that are not. Congress will have all the facts in each case before it, and, in its wisdom, will decide as in similar cases of legislation. By making every grant specific, and throwing proper guards, restrictions, and limitations around it, the object to be attained may be secured, and plans and combinations for more speculation frustrated and defeated.

Something is manifestly due to the hardy pioneer, without whose labor, industry, and enterprise the west would now be of little moment. No one who has not been an eye-witness can appreciate the hardships and privations endured by him, and government should certainly not hesitate to aid him, especially when it can be done without detriment to the other States, or to any other interests.

From the Asheville News.

WAYNESVILLE, N. C. Nov. 30, '53.

MR. ATKIN—The first Fair of the "Haywood Agricultural Society," came off at this place on the 10th instant, when Premiums and Diplomas were awarded as reported below:

For the best 2 years old Stallion—Thomas I Lenoir, Diploma.
Best Horse Colt, spring of 1853—David Howell, $4 00
2d best " " " " R. Tate, 3 00
Best Hog 9 m. old—gross 238 lbs.— Thomas I Lenoir, 4 00
2d best, none entered.
Best Buck Sheep—T. I. Lenoir, 3 00
" Ewe—Joseph Cathey, 2 00
" Mule Colt, spring of 1853—Wm. Turner, 3 00
2d best " " " " L. P. Hartgrove, 2 00
Best Bull Calf, under one year old—E. Osborne, 4 00
2d best " " " " " D. C. Howell, 3 00
3d best " " " " " Thos. I. Lenoir, Diploma.
Best Heifer, 3 y. old—J. N. Benners, Diploma.
" " 2 y. " " " "
" " under one y. old—J. Killian, 3 00
2d best " " " " " W. G. B. Garrett, 2 00
3d best " " " " Thomas I. Lenoir, Diploma.
Two best Yoke of Oxen—J. Cathey. "
The greatest yield of Corn per acre, (101 1-2 bushels)—Joseph Cathey, 5 00
2d best, none entered.
3d " " "
The greatest yield of Wheat per acre, (24 bushels)—Nathan Gibson, 5 00
2d best, none entered.
3d " " "
The greatest yield of Rye, none entered.
2d " " " "
Greatest yield of Oats " " "
2d best " " " "
For the greatest yield of Potatoes, 1-4 acre, none entered.
2d best, none entered.
For the most Hay per acre, (12,331 lbs.)—Joseph Cathey, 5 00
2d best, none entered,
2d " " "
Best two horse Turning Plough, 4 00
Best one horse Plough, none.
Best piece of Janes, 3 00
2d best " 1 00
Best Essay on the Cultivation of Grains—W. I. Wilson, 5 00
Best Essay on the " " Grasses, none
" " " " " Fruit and Fruit Trees, none.
For Crotchet Tidy for Castars—Miss S. J. B. Love, Diploma.
For Cotton Crotchet Tidy for Castars—Miss M. M. Love, Diploma.
For Book Mark—Miss J. Love, Diploma.
For two Quilts—Mrs. M. L. Freeman, "
" a Quilt—Mrs. Mary Welch, "
" " " Miss J. Love, "
" " " Miss S. J. B. Love, "
" " " Miss M. E. Love, "

All of which is respectfully submitted.
W. BROWN, S. R.

"STOP MY PAPER." The following remarks are too good to be thrown one side without at least a passing notice. They are true to the letter, and suitable to all localities. We are of opinion that the weakest capacity cannot fail to understand them:

It is astonishing what exalted notions some persons have of their own importance. They seem to imagine they are altogether necessary to the onward roll of our little world, that if, by any means, they should be shoved out of the way, the screws would be so loose that the old machine would no longer hold together; and of course, if such important personages only say to an editor "Stop my paper," the whole establishment must go to naught instanter. We have often laughed in our sleeve—though outwardly we looked as gave as an owl—when one of these regulators of the world has marched into our editorial sanctum, and ordered a discontinuance of his paper. And it always does us good to see how the starch is taken out of him, while the editor smilingly replies, "Certainly, sir, with the greatest pleasure, just as soon as the clerk has entered a hundred or more names, which are just sent in." The mighty man wilts down like the narrative of a whipped spaniel, and he shrinks away muttering to himself, "Well, I am afraid that stopping my paper has not ruined him after all."

These swells who stop their papers on account of some miff which has found its way into their cranium, are sure to watch the time of the next issue, thinking that another will never make its appearance; and they are sure to borrow their neighbor's copy to see if it does not contain the editor's farewell address to his readers.

We once knew a minister, who, in describing the christian's character, and the circumspection of his walk, said the way to heaven required as much care as it did for a cat to walk on a wall covered with broken bottles. It is something so with an editor, if he is to please everybody.

NEW POSTMASTER. Mr. David Pender has been appointed Postmaster in this town, in place of Mr. L. S. Dunn, resigned.—*Tarboro' Southerner.*

SKETCHES BY FANNY FERN. Men's Rights! Women's Rights! I throw down the gauntlet for *Children's Rights!* Yes, little pets; Fanny Fern's about "takin' notes," and she'll "print 'em, too," if you don't get your ducs. She has seen you seated by a pleasant window, in a railroad car, with your bright eyes dancing with delight at the prospect of all the pretty things you were going to see, forcibly ejected by some overgrown Napoleon, who fancied your place, and thought in his wisdom that children had no taste for anything but sugar candy. She knew that the pretty trees, and flowers, and blue sky, gave your little soul a thrill of delight, though you could not tell why; and she knew that great big man's soul was a great deal smaller than yours, to sit there and read a stupid political paper, when such a glowing landscape was before him, that he might have feasted his eyes upon. And she longed to wipe away the big tear that you didn't dare to let fall; and she understood how a little girl or boy that didn't get a ride every day in the year, should not be quite able to swallow that great big lump in the throat, as he or she sat jammed down in a dark crowded corner of the car, instead of sitting by that pleasant window. Yes, and Fanny has seen you sometimes, when you've been muffled up to the tip of your little nose in woolen wrappers, in a close crowded church, nodding your little drowsy heads, and she has seen you sitting like little automatons, in a badly ventilated school-room, with your nervous little toes at just such an angle for hours, under the tuition of a Miss Nancy Nipper, who didn't care a rush whether your spine was as crooked as the letter S, or not, if the *Great Mogul Committee*, who marched in once a month to make the "grand tour," voted her a *model school-marm*. Yes, and *that ain't all*. She has seen you sent off to bed, just at the witching hour of candle-light, when some entertaining guest was in the middle of a delightful story, that you, poor, miserable "little pitcher," was doomed never to hear the *end* of! Yes, and she has seen "the line and plummet" laid to you so rigidly, that you were driven to deceit and evasion; and then seen you punished for the very sin your tormentors helped you to commit. And she has seen your ears boxed *just as hard* for tearing a hole in your best pinafore, or breaking a china cup, as for telling as big a lie as Ananias and Sapphira did. And when, by patient labor, you had reared an edifice of tiny blocks, (fairer in its architectural proportions, to your infantile eye, than any place in ancient Rome,) she has seen it ruthlessly kicked into a shattered ruin by somebody in the house, whose dinner hadn't digested. Never mind. *I wish I was mother to the whole of you!* Such glorious times as we'd have! Reading pretty books *that had no big words in 'em*—going to school where you could sneeze without getting a rap on the head for not *asking leave first;* and going to church on the quiet blessed Sabbath, where the minister, like the dear Saviour, sometimes remembered to "take *little children* in his arms and bless them." Then if you asked me a question, I wouldn't pretend not to hear, or lazily tell you "I don't know," or turn you off with some fabulous evasion, for your memory to chew for a cud, till you were old enough to see how you had been fooled. And I'd never wear such a fashionable gown that you couldn't climb on my lap whenever the fit took; or refuse to kiss you for fear you would ruffle my curls, or my collar, or my temper—not a bit of it; and then you should pay me with your merry laugh, and your little confiding hand slid ever trustingly in mine. Oh! I tell you, my little pets, that Fanny is sick of din, and strife, and envy, and uncharitableness; and I'd rather, by ten thousand, live in a little world full of fresh, guileless, loving little children, than in this great museum full of such *dry, dusty, withered hearts!*

Fern Leaves.

"WANTED—A young man of industry, ability and integrity," &c., &c.

This meets our eye daily in the column of 'Wants,' and it is as true as Pentateuch. Wanted? of course they are—always wanted. The market can never be overstocked; they will always be called for, and never quoted "dull" or no "sale." Wanted for thinkers—wanted for workers—in the mart, on the main, in the field and the forest. Tools are lying idle for the want of a young man; a pen is waiting to be nibbed; a tree to be felled; a plow to be guided; a village to be founded; a school to be instructed.

They talk about staples and great staples. Honest, industrious, able *young men* are the great staple in this world of ours. Young man! you are wanted; but not for a Doctor. No, nor a Lawyer. There are enough of them for this generation, and one or two to spare. Don't study "a profession," unless it be the profession of brick-laying, or some other of the manual professions. Don't measure tape if you can help it. It is honorable and honest, and all that, but then you can do better. Of all things, don't rob the women. It's their prerogative to handle silks and laces, tape and thread. Put on your hat then, like a man, don an apron, and go out of doors. Get a good glow on your cheek, the jewelry of toil upon your brow, and a good set of well developed muscles. We would if we could, but then we were young, longer ago than we like to think, and you know when one is old he *can't*.

Besides, if you become a doctor, you'll have to wait—"because you haven't experienced," says an o'd practitioner, "because you are two young," says all the women. If you are a lawyer, and likely to rise, they'll put a weight on your head, *a la* Swiss, to keep you under, or, if you make a good argument, some old opponent, as grey as a rat, will kick it over, by some taunt or other, because you were not born in the year one. And so it will go, until you grow tired and soured, and wish you had been a tinker, perhaps "an immortal" one, or anything but just what you are.

Be a farmer, and your troubles are over, or rather, they don't begin. You own what you stand on, "from the centre of the earth," as they used to say, "up to the sky;" you are independent all day, and tired, not weary at night. The more neighbors you have, and the better farmers they are, the more and the better for you.

There's one thing more young man. You are wanted. A *young woman* wants you. Don't forget her. No matter if you are poor. Don't wait to be rich. If you do, ten to one if you are fit to be married at all, to anybody's that's fit to be married. Marry while you are young, and struggle up together, lest in the years to come, somebody shall advertise "Young men wanted," and none to be had.

New York Tribune.

ALAMANCE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A meeting was held at the court house in Graham, on Tuesday the 6th inst., for the purpose of organizing a Society in Alamance county for the promotion of Agriculture, Domestic Manufactures, and the Mechanic Arts. On motion of Giles Mebane, esq., the Hon. Thomas Ruffin was unanimously selected chairman of the meeting, and Dr. A. Wilson, senr., was appointed by the Chair to recommend permanent officers for the Society, who reported the following, and they were unanimously elected by the meeting, viz:

Hon. Thomas Ruffin, President.
John Trolinger and Edwin Holt, Esqs., Vice Presidents.
Dr. Pleasant Holt, Treasurer,
Peyton P. Moore, Secretary.

The Society being fully organized, articles of association were adopted, and subscribed by a large number of persons. An Executive Committee was appointed by the President to report to the next meeting By-Laws for the regulation of the association, and a list of Premium for the first Annual Fair. Said committee is composed of the following gentlemen: Dr. Michael W. Holt, John Stafford, David W. Kerr, John Faucett and Giles Mebane, esqs.

The consideration of the proposal of the Orange Agricultural Society, that the two Societies shall unite in holding the Annual Fairs in Orange and Alamance alternately, was postponed until the next meeting, to be held in Graham on Thursday of March Court.

It was ordered that publication of the proceedings of the Association be made in the Hillsborough Recorder.

PEYTON P. MOORE, Sec'y.

THE ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. At an election to ascertain the sense of the citizens of Beaufort, on a proposition to subscribe $100,000 to the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, there was but one dissenting vote.

The Commissioners of New Berne have also passed a resolution to the effect, that Craven County should subscribe to the above Road $150,000, and the opinion seems to prevail, that this resolution will be confirmed by the voters of the county.

Wilmington Herald.

CIVILIZATION IN TURKEY AND RUSSIA. The apologists for the course of Russia in the Eastern difficulty maintain that the subjugation of Turkey by that power would tend to the advancement of civilization; and, consequently, that such a result should be desired by all friends to the progress of the human race. Russia, they say, is moving on rapidly in enlightenment; while Turkey is either retrograding in this respect, or, at best, standing still. This is not so, as is clearly shown by the following article from Paris Constitutionel:

"Turkey has no manufactures, and has no need of any; but she is rich enough in raw materials to suffice for all the trade which she keeps up with other countries. She has, beside, adopted in her commercial relations a most liberal system, all her ports being open, and all impediments to trade being removed. This is a striking exemplification of that generous Mussulman hospitality which receives with kindness men and things of the West, and thus gives to the impenetrable empire of Russia an example of confidence and straightforward conduct which that power will take good care not to imitate. This last consideration brings us naturally to examine the moral situation of the two nations; and we are sorry for it, since it is, above all, here that the Ottoman superiority is manifest. The same liberty which Turkey exhibits in her commercial transactions serves as the characteristic of her public tendencies and legislation, and is, perhaps, the secret of her strength. While the Czar subjects to his iron rule, soul as well as body, the Sultan covers with equal protection all creeds, and effaces the errors of the past by the most admirable tolerance. While Russia isolates herself from the West by an absolute Chinese-wall, Turkey borrows from it her generals, engineers, *savans*, and produce of every kind, and thus becomes permeated with a healthy spirit, which must, after a time, lead to her complete transformation.

All her institutions, beside, have their basis in the principles of the civilized world; and at Constantinople, right, justice, equality, publicity and progress in all things are aimed at. Who will venture to say that the same spirit presides over the mysterious proceedings of Russia? There is a press in each empire; but one is free, and the other subject to the knout; one tells the truth, even to the Sultan, while the other disfigures history, and informs the Muscovite peasants that it is they who won the battle of the Muscowa. We might carry this comparison much further, but what we have said is sufficient for our own purpose. We shall merely mention, *en passant*, the result of a statistical table lately published, relative to the state of public instruction in both countries. There is in Turkey one pupil for every thirty Christian inhabitants, whereas there is only one for six hundred in Russia. When it is, borne in mind, beside, that the nobles, even the *boyards*, and owners of serfs, have less real liberty than the rayas subject to the Porte, it is impossible not to come to the conclusion, that for the Ottoman Empire, as for the kingdom of Poland, a Muscovite invasion would be the signal for a retrograde march. One word more.

Much has been said of the three great plagues of Islamism—fatalism, slavery, and polygamy. No one deplores more than we these three negations of moral responsibility, human dignity, and the rights of woman. But it is certain that if the letter of the Koran favors them, the completely Christian interpretation given to them at present must sooner or later cause them to disappear. Slave markets abolished in 1846, and polygamy has become in practice really an exception. The generous efforts of the whole people to raise themselves from their abasement show clearly that they are freeing themselves from their old fatalist ideas. On the other hand, their calm and collected attitude in the face of events, their confidence in their right and in the justice of God, their perfect good faith in all their public and private relations, are the living proofs of their moral value, and of the destinies which are in store for them."

A NEW DOCTRINE. It is allowable in England for a man living in one shire (county) or borough to represent another, however distant from the one in which he resides, provided he can bring gold and influence of friends to bear sufficient to secure his election. Hence, a younger son of a nobleman residing in London may represent a district in the most distant county in the kingdom. In short, it makes no difference where a man lives, he can represent any constituency in the House of Commons his money will buy. In a late number of the Raleigh Register, speaking of this practice, the editor says:

"There is nothing anti-Republican in this practice, and we should not be altogether sorry to see it introduced among us. No injury to popular rights could possibly result from it, for the reason that the people themselves have the whole matter in their hands. What Whig would not have regretted to see Mr. Clay thrown out of Congress, supposing him to have been a member of the House? And what Kentucky Whig, in a different district would not have freely chosen him as a representative? There were in like manner few Democrats in North Carolina who would not have voted under similar circumstances for Mr. Macon."

We cannot believe that either Mr. Clay or Mr. Macon would ever have accepted the office of Representative from any other county or district, if defeated in their own, nor can we for a moment entertain the idea that either of them would have coincided with the editor of the Register, in declaring that "there is nothing anti-Republican in the practice" above alluded to.

It is the most enormous, monstrous doctrine, and a public avowal of it the most startling and wonderful of anything we have ever seen or heard of, even in the editor of the Register. What! advocate the doctrine that a man defeated for the legislature in Wake, may be elected in Warren! Well, wonders will never cease. The Register goes beyond spiritual rappings, women's rights and Fourieritism. He has taken a stand far in advance on the road of progress, and may now sit down and rest until this western hemisphere shall cradle itself onward and it overtake him. John Kerr, who ran after Gov. Reid while he was running for the office of Governor last year, being defeated in his aspirations, might have stepped over into Vermont, for instance, and taken another chance for Gubernatorial honors. There would have been nothing anti-Republican in it, according to the Register.

We should not be surprised, after this, to find the Register advocating the propriety of having an established order of nobility in the United States.

Warrenton News.

THE FARMERS JOURNAL. We were presented last week while at Orange County Court with a copy of the "Farmers Journal" by Dr. John F. Tompkins, Editor and Publisher, which was neatly and substantially bound. The volume will be furnished by Dr. Tompkins, bound, lettered and postage paid, to any one who will remit him one dollar by mail or otherwise. The second volume is now in course of publication at Raleigh, and the back numbers will be furnished to those who subscribe, at one dollar per annum.

The Orange County Agricultural Society held its quarterly meeting on Tuesday of the County Court, Paul C. Cameron, Esq., presiding. The Society by request was addressed by Dr. Tompkins, who is the Corresponding Secretary of the State Society, in a very instructive and able manner, which was listened to with great attention. He has visited about seventy counties during the past and present year, in the most of which he has lectured on the subject of Agriculture, and has doubtless awakened a greatly increased interest in this noble pursuit. He has extended the circulation of his Journal from one to three or four thousand, with now a continued increase. We urged him to visit Caswell and Person, but he stated that he was compelled to return to Raleigh to make arrangements to open his Agricultural School in connection with Mr. Lovejoy, of that place. We wish the Doctor great success in that undertaking, and express the hope that many of our friends will send him pupils, and more will subscribe to his Journal.

North Carolina Democrat.

ENGLISH TACITURNITY. The Morning Post revives a good story apropos to English reserve. An Englishman and a German were travelling together in a diligence, and both smoking. The German did all in his power to draw his companion into conversation, but to no purpose; at one moment he would, with a superabundance of politeness, apologize for drawing his attention to the fact that the ash of his cigar had fallen on his waistcoat, or a spark was endangering his neckerchief. At length the Englishman exclaimed, "Why the deuce can't you leave me alone? Your coat-tail has been burning for the last ten minutes, but I didn't bother you about it."

CHRISMAS, 1858.

The Carryer 2 the Patrons of the N. C. Standard:

[Subjec: CHRISMAS: Curtain risca: crackers a poppin in the distance—dog and a man also—patridges a wherrin and other game—tip-top little boys, peart young men with standin collars, and likewise dog-collars—jolly old man and a fat goose, the latter a dissol'in sean, likewise seans generally—also tops, powder, guns with reports, pistols not silent as yusal, and other et setoras: Also, the man with the white hat:]

The sayin is as old as eny other sayin—perraps,
That Chrismas is a yerly customer,
Comin' immejetly in the same place,
And appearin' jest as 1st Janhary,
'Peers onto us out of the clouds ahead,
Which—the clouds—"sailin on like vultures," (Byron)
Omitted, unthoughtedly no doubt, to "stand and deliver"
(Highwayman,)
Proportiond kontributions of snow: which absence causes a rejoicin among the rabbets and turkies.
But, as we was a sayin, Chrismas comes not onawares;
1 reason why is it chuses the 25th December,
And that aperiantly ought to be cold—likewise the day is good for fox-huntin,
For shooten, for surveyin the country, and for
Restin from surveyin the Ralorodes and other
Sublenaric objecs: Also, for docters
That surfet therselves by eatin, and have
To take ther own medysins: Also, lawyears
That, bein compelled to admit it's Christmas,
Thereby tell the truth onest a yer:
It's good for Edyturs 2, for it makes
'Um solem-colum to reflek that—perraps
Theyre no better than the lawyears: Then agin
Christmas is a good day for all.
A philosoph eyed man can, on such a
Day, spasente in a maner wonderful
To behold on the transpirin events of the world:

The Turks is a givin it to the Kossic;
The Russin Bare is a growlin to no pur-
Pose, for his teath can't effec much,
'Specially when they—the teath—comes in contac,
As at present, with a live tartar—settin
His teath on eage. The rolin of the
Combatents is naturely very heavy,
Likewise the Danub, separatin the 2 jest
Long enuff for each to ey 1 anuther
And make up to each other—across the river:
Also, England, an ile, "set in the silver sea" (Shakspere)
And France—washed, not its face, but its feet—
That is, when a shore, by the sea, though not an iland,
The land havin grown up on the east side—these 2
Mejatin for peece, lest they should have
To particypact in the passin cerrymones
Of shootin at the Bare, now goin on—that is,
Not the Bare goin on—but the cerrymonies.
Nothin' but the "Peece Congress," soon to set,
With Burrett and Giddins for fugulmen,
Can stay this mity eruption.

Lewy Napoleon, the seven millionare,
Havin received 7 million votes, likewise a wife,
Is satisfied with his sallyry. Also, our old friend,
Te-whang, emperior of Chine, is said to be missin.
Whereupon Commodore Perry sailed to Japaun,
Not knowin' what new kontinent he mite run agin,
And is now crewain with krews in good health,
Also in the ocean, about the shutt-ports—which,
It is fondly hoped will be x'panded: then
We shall have Japaned ware, which will "wear
Well, for it has been dearly earned." (Junius.)
And in addishon, Japanese will kepe Chrismas,
And have a forth July of their oan.

Here at hoam the United States has been
A prosperin, and stretchin thereselves out
Accordinly as yusal. Nothin desturbs the sean,
Save now and then a live Whig callin on
Some one to tell him, a gropin, whar he is:
All is sperited. The wrappers on tabels to
Get the sperits out, and on barrels to get
The sperits out, is naturely x'citin: Still
We have goale from Californy, injuns in the territories—likewise North Carlina—and varius productions indygenus: Also, we had the Sircus
Here not long sense: And when *Everett*
Comes we have phugn. The Fakeer, 2,
Kum and went—1 ov the Fakeers, 'tis stated,
Danced his shewstrings out, likewise the bottom
Of a half-bushel. That was a lost *measure*,
But the *step* was respecktabel.

The copper-feavor,
Which 1st was ragin, has aperiently subcided:
At 1 time it was threatenin indead—so
Much so that goale was regarded as an
Unfashionable artikel. Notwithstandin this,
However, we hear that goale is still sought after,
Small parcels seldum being refuzed.

Here in town we have had a remarkabel
Mild government. This pleases all—
'Specially the Etheonapes; also our Borde
Of Commissioners, who x'pecs to
Borde out next year, as the weather is genrally phine
In Jimuary. An airin, it is surmized,
Would be improvin to 'em; their konstitueshuns
2, would suffer by bein overtaxed, which
Is not the case with the citizens, as x'perience
Prooves. All but the Intendant, who, it is
Konfidentially rumored, x'pecs to do better
Next yer, which he allas duz. He
Mayor may not: but a good pecushin rifal,
Snapping oncst is no sign of a sorry gun.
Hence he is not a sorry gun, and will spare
No panes, unless we have greatly miskalkulated,
To make the town wheals of government rup
Withs moare konclusiv vim. This bein
So, we shall make up our mines and vote accordinly:
Like the individjul on board—spekin of Bordes—
A steamer, a plyin in a storm, koncluded,
With strikin presence of mine, when the
Boat struck or parted—not bein disposed
To part with the boat, 'specially as the land
Was more'n a mile or so distant—which
End of the boat he would kontinue to patronize, by jumping onto it: So of the kommissioners: if they ken all chuse the
Right end of the bote, those on the other
End will be infallably *left*—in the rear:
Not so, however, the Mayor: the end which
Carries *him* "carries Cæsar," (Cæsar hisself)
And the krew that sales with him will
Krow in trumph like Shanghigh rusters.

Upon the whoal we beleave that Chrismas is quite
Refreshin. Besides, if any one has a quarter,
Likewise fafty sents, (Kane,) that disterbs ther pocket
It will be releaved—the pocket—and next
Chrismas we x'pect to do the same.
And now a good-daye to you all, till next
Time. Wishen well to the gurls and boys,
And an addyshun to 'em: mourover we x'pect
To be along next Chrismas agin: The manager—
That is, the Eddytur requests you all to thank—
Him—hisself—for the fac is he x'pects
To let us *play "the Devil"* wonest moare next
Chrismas. This coal wether suits our disposishun:
For ef so be our knoas is cold our heart's not,
It's "warm in the son, and freshens in the gail." (Campbell.)
And now, to phinish, we advise the young men
To avoid kurds—morever, lait hours and strong
Sperets. Also, it takes a good rastler to
Fling phourteen drinks a day—so beware!
Then agin we hoap the oal men will not
Be eny older next Chrismas. So of the gurls—
Which—the gurls—that is, the young ladies
Will please take notis that—when we come
Agin we x'pect to be present with our respeks.
So no moare; And beasides, we wish all a
Happy new yer and coal wether to sute.

Noaty Beaner. Next Chrismas is postponed
On account of the legislatur. It will
Kom off as sune as that brakes up,
Which will be considerabel lait for the season.
In Kooklushun,
Our thanks tenders us to all—that is our
Yers is tender this mornin', it being coald:
Then agin we hoap to see a hope of phugn
Countin our dymes this avenin.
Yours Respoktablay,

CARRYER.

NEW ARRIVAL at the VARIETY STORE. The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh, and of the surrounding country, that he continues at his old stand, and has just returned from the North, where he selected a good assortment of articles usually kept in a Family Grocery and Confectionary.

GROCERIES—Java, Laguira and Rio Coffees; Crushed, Pulverized, Crushed and Brown Sugars; Wax, Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles; Molasses and Sugar House Syrup; Apple Vinegar, Tomato and Walnut Catsups, Rice, Lard, Salt, Starch, Blacking, Table Salt, Mustard, Nutmeg, Ginger, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Spice, Sal. Soda, &c.

MISCELLANEOUS—Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Walking Canes, Umbrellas, Wool and Cotton Cards, Tacks, an assortment of Tin Ware, Horse Combs and Brushes, Plough Lines, Bed Cords, Coffee Mills, Spades, Shovels, Water Buckets, Horse Buckets, Brooms, Baskets, &c.

CONFECTIONARY, &c.—Soda Crackers, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Currants, Citron, Sardines, Pickles, Chocolate, Preserved Ginger, Pears, Damsons, Pine Apples, Peaches, Quinces and Limes; Olives, Almonds, Filberts, Palm Nuts, Pecans (by the bag or lb.,) Tobacco, Snuff, Soaps, Cologne, Looking Glasses and Fire-works, together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—Accordeons, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Tamborines, Fifes, Flutes, &c.

August 25th, 1853. HENRY KEMP.

FOR CHRISTMAS!—THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING just returned from a Northern City with a rich assortment of articles in their line, take this method of calling the attention of ladies and gentlemen to the variety of their goods suitable for Christmas presents.

FANCY GOODS.—Fine leather reticules, plain and embroidered Baskets, French Cups and Saucers, China flower-vases and Candlesticks, Portemonnies and Necessaries, jet and gilt Bracelets, papiermache work boxes, Tea sets, China gilt edge Cups and Saucers, Ivory Chessmen, Cutlery, Kid, India Rubber and Wax Dolls, ass't crying babies, fine China Children Tea and Dinner setts, assorted games, Boys' Guns, &c., &c.

TOYS.—Tin Gigs, Carriages, Horses, Steam-engines, Sewings-banks, beautiful Water-works, fine French Toys, Menageries, Show-fights, Farm Yards, Inboxes, Bureaux, Toilet Banks, Kitchen furniture, Cooking Stoves, Pewter Tea sets, Candlesticks, Chandeliers, Baskets, Tin Bedsteads, sing'ing men, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES.—Raisins, Prunes, Currents, Figs, Citron, assorted Candies, soft Bordeaux Almonds, Walnuts, Peccannuts, Palmnuts, Filberts, Preserves and Pickles, Brandy Peaches, &c., &c. Call and see at

F. MAHLER'S & CO.

Raleigh, Dec. 12, 1853.

BAKERY & CONFECTIONARY.—PUTTICK & MITCHELL would respectfully inform the public that their establishment is now in the "full tide of successful experiment," and they are prepared to execute all orders in their line: in Cake and Bread-baking, Candy making & Nuts, Fruits, Groceries, &c., always kept on hand.

CIGARS.—Our stock of Cigars is very large, some of them of the choicest brands, such as Ele Gratitude, Cobden Regalias, Silvas, Excelsior, El Cierro, Steamboat Principes, and a variety too numerous to mention.

☞ Parties in the City or country furnished with every description of Confectionaries, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. BRIDE'S CAKE carefully packed and sent to any part of the State. Sugar and Molasses Candy also Candy, suitable for country Stores, packed in barrels or smaller packages, cheaper than they can be bought at any other House in North Carolina or Virginia. Low profits and quick sales, is our motto.

Raleigh, May 28th, 1853. 58—tf

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER SUPPLY OF Musical Instruments at the N. C. Music Store, where may always be found Sheet Music and Music Books for all instruments. Pianos' from the celebrated Factory of Knabe & Gaehle, Baltimore. Guitars, Violins, Violincellos, Drums, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flageolets, Octave Flutes, Accordeons, ranging from 60 cents to $15,00, Banjos, Tamborines, Violin Screws, Pins, Bridges, Bows. A new lot of Italian Strings both for Guitar and Violin. A large assortment of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Porte Monies, &c., &c.

ARTISTS MATERIALS.—A beautiful lot of Landscape Patterns for Oil Painting, Japan Boxes, Paints, Brushes, Oils and Varnish; Canvass in pieces or on stretches.

Drawing Patterns, Pencils, Paper, Bristol Board, Mill Boards, Graduate Tint Paper, Pastel, Water Colors, Pictures, Pic

The Standard.

RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 28, 1853.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The members of the Democratic Executive Committee for the State, are requested to meet in the City of Raleigh on Friday the 20th of January next, on business of importance to the party.

A. RENCHER, *Chairman.*

Dec. 21st, 1853.

The members of the Democratic Executive Committee are—Abram Rencher of Chatham, R. P. Dick of Guilford, C. G. Wright of Cumberland, Edward Cantwell of Wake, W. W. Holden of Wake, Dr. D. G. W. Ward of Greene, G. H. Wilder of Wake, and Asa Biggs of Martin.

We trust all the members of the Committee will find it convenient to attend. Our opponents are moving, and it is important that we should be in an "armor and attitude" to meet them. We trust, also, that the Democrats in the various Counties will at once hold meetings and appoint Delegates to the State Convention.

VOICE OF THE DEMOCRACY.

We have received recently a number of letters from friends in various parts of the State, extracts from which we present below. We are profoundly grateful to our friends and to the sterling Democracy generally, for their kind appreciation of our humble labors.

The longer we live, and the more we see of public affairs, the more deeply are we impressed not merely with the safety but the importance of adhering to principle. We appeal to the young men of the party to beware of false steps, but above all to *hold to principle* under all circumstances. The weak may yield and temporize, but the strong man never. Stand where you are, friends, and the masses, who have not only the power to honor, but the capacity to judge of merit, will say to you in due time "come up higher." Look abroad upon the land and see who it is that enjoy most of the popular respect and confidence—look at such men as Pierce, and Cass, and Douglas, and Buchanan—not to refer to others—and say if *rigid adherence to principles* has not been mainly instrumental in making them what they are. What was it that so endeared Mr. Macon to the people, and left his name

"A light and landmark on the cliffs of fame"?

It was his unselfishness, his modesty, his uniform and life-long devotion to the people and their rights and to Democratic principles. He was, indeed, that northern star,

"Of whose true, fixed and resting quality
There is no fellow in the firmament."

That man who walks in the light of his example will neither go astray nor fall.

Look again: Where is Cobb? What power can galvanize Foote into life again? What party could, if it would, restore national reputation to the Van Burens?

Organization in parties is secondary only to principles; and the man who sets himself up against the organization of his party—no matter what the motives impelling him or the circumstances surrounding him—thereby makes war upon his party, and must take the consequences. No time can be spared, in the battle going on with the enemies of popular rights, to nurse and restore to vigor again such as have fallen, *wounded by their own hands.* Men err, or desert the people and thus go down, or die and are forgotten—but PRINCIPLES ARE IMMORTAL.

But we are detaining our readers from the extracts; we shall have occasion hereafter to elaborate the thoughts above presented.

Extract from a letter dated Northampton County, December 19, 1853:

"Enclosed I send you $6 for three new subscribers. Your friends in this section, you may depend upon it, will stand by you so long as you continue to advocate, without fear or compromise, the true and unalloyed principles of Democracy. So long as you come up manfully to the maintenance of these great political truths, neither turning to the right hand nor to the left, to be lured by the namby-pamby, Janus-faced demagogcial side issues of the day—rest assured, Sir, you will be amply and fully sustained by the tried and true Democratic party of North Carolina."

A friend, who writes us from Surry, says "*let old Surry be heard!*" We answer, she shall. The Surry Democrats are among the truest of the true. He says:

"The fact has been established that the Democratic party, when united, are invincible. They therefore need fear no danger from an open and avowed enemy. The enemy most to be dreaded are those individuals who attempt to borrow the Democratic cloak, and, under its cover, with loud professions of Democracy and Conservatism, scatter the seeds of disorganization in our ranks. With this class I beg most especially to rank Hon. A. W. Venable and his coadjutors of the "Statesman." These gentlemen call themselves Democrats, and even presume to dictate to the party, when at the same time they boldly coincide with the Whigs on the two most vital questions that now divide parties. With all due deference to Mr. Venable, to his known abilities and former service, I deem it essential to the continued success of Democracy that he and all such disorganizers should be "shipped" immediately and turned over to the party to which they actually belong. Mr. Venable certainly owes as much as any man to party organization. By it he was raised from comparative obscurity and favored with a seat in Congress. In this postion the Democracy would willingly have continued him, had he remained true to principles. But this he failed to do. He raised his voice in Congress against the acquisition of Cuba, and he voted for Bennett's land bill, thus placing himself in opposition to the known position of the present administration. To consummate the whole, on his return to North Carolina he had the audacity to ask the Democracy again to re-elect him to Congress. Thwarted in this attempt, he now hopes to throw discord into the Democratic ranks, by raising money to keep up a journal that falsely calls itself Democratic. But the people will not permit him to deceive them thus. As to the Editors of the "Statesman" it is believed the Democracy will rebuke them as they deserve for their gross violation of party principles, by withholding their patronage from them. Much will depend upon the issue of the next election, and the Democracy should arouse to their duty and rid themselves of those discordant members who invariably bring defeat and disaster."

A friend writes us as follows from Guilford County, under date December 16:

"Many thanks to you for your bold and determined stand on the land question. If all good and true Democrats would take the same stand you have done, the attempt of some leading men to drive us away after the "strange gods" of Whiggery, in the place of our long-tried and glorious principles, would have little effect."

A friend, writing us from New York City, under date December 11, says:

"Having been a constant reader of the Standard since my youth, I feel that I cannot be content to do without it. I trust the Democracy of the Old North State will do much more than sustain you in the noble stand you have taken in regard to Venable & Co."

A friend writes us as follows from Lincoln County, under date December 15:

"I have been much pleased with your course in the late Congressional canvass in your District; and the Democracy in this region, I am satisfied, are equally pleased. I am rejoiced that the Democratic press of North Carolina is so elevated and independent that the faithless will be properly exposed and their errors repudiated, however high may have been their position in public confidence, or however elevated their position in public place. Go on—you are right, and with a consciousness of rectitude you have nothing to fear from a liberal and just Democracy."

A friend, writing us from the Mountain or Mr. Clingman's District, under date December 16, says:

"It gives me pleasure to say that your course with regard to Venable and other distribution Democrats, meets the hearty approval of the Democracy of this District. Our party is a perfect unit in this region on the land question."

Another friend, writing from the same District, under date December 18, says;

"There is no portion of North Carolina where your course in the late controversy about the distribution of the public lands, has been more generally approved by our party than in this District. If there is a single reliable Democrat in the District who is an advocate of distribution, I don't know him. * * * Your rigid adherence to principle, regardless of men, in this particular instance, as in many others, has given the "Standard" a more commanding influence, and a position more elevated among the masses of the party, than any political paper that has heretofore existed in the State."

A friend, writing from Robeson County, under date December 9, says:

"I am fully satisfied you will continue to do your duty, and I will not, therefore, impose upon your valuable time to read my high appreciation of your course. I have read the Standard for the last five years with pleasure and profit, and expect to read it as long as I live and you are the Editor. Your independence, honesty and candor deserve the confidence and support of every true Democrat. If the Democracy of North Carolina will but heed your warnings, the victory next Summer, which is now looked to with so much interest, will be won. Venable and * * have destroyed their usefulness to the party, but we can fight and win our battles without them."

A friend writes us from Nash County as follows, under date December 20:

"The genuine Democrats are with you, Mr. Holden, and highly approve your course. The "Statesman," I suppose, is to appear on the 1st January. I think it will get but few subscribers in this County. I hope to get you up some subscribers shortly.

Yours forever."

Good for "old Nash!" Another friend writes us from Nash as follows:

"I think if we can get a few more of your papers distributed in our County, all will be right. What will Mr. Venable think of the President's Message? I reckon he will have to alter his Prospectus now. I should think the mouths of the Whigs and the milk-and-ciders would be shut now about the revenue arising from the sales of the public lands."

A friend, writing us from Beaufort County, under date December 20, says:

"The Democracy in this section approve of the course you took in the late Congressional campaign in your District. Venable and disorganizers meet with no favor here."

A friend in Forsythe, writing under date December 21st, sends us fifteen new subscribers, all to one office, with the cash, $30, and adds: "No one had any hand in getting this list but myself, and that since I saw in your paper that a friend in Stokes had procured you nineteen. By this you can see how popular your valuable paper is in this place." We are under many obligations to our Forsythe friend for this and former favors.

We might give many more extracts, but we lack space to do so to-day.

Comment upon the foregoing is unnecessary.

LETTER FROM HON. A. RENCHER.

The letter from the Hon. A. Rencher, which we give below, explains itself. We regret that the state of his health is such as to induce him to withdraw his name from the list of those who are spoken of for Governor.

The Democracy can boast of no truer man than Abram Rencher; nor is there a Democrat in any portion of the State who would make more personal sacrifices for the advancement of the cause than he would. We sincerely hope that he may find himself in a condition to give to the party in Chatham the benefit of his abilities and influence on the stump in the approaching campaign. A platform Democrat—a strict constructionist, and, in State affairs an ardent advocate of the great principle of Free Suffrage, he cannot fail, with his superior powers as a public speaker, and his known devotion to party organization, to exert a most important and salutary influence for the cause, not only in Chatham but in other portions of the State.

PITTSBOROUGH, Dec. 21, 1853.

To the Editor of the Standard:

My name having been mentioned by the partiality of friends, in connection with the approaching Gubernatorial election, silence on my part might seem to imply an acquiescence, or an approval of it. I deem it proper, therefore, to state that I neither desire the nomination, nor could I accept it even if tendered to me. However justly proud I might be of the high distinction, I feel that my health is too infirm to justify me in assuming a position where I might be tempted to overtask it, or where its failure under an arduous and heated campaign, might to some extent jeopardize principles which are dear to me, and to secure the triumph of which I am ready to make any personal sacrifices.

With great respect,
Your obedient servant,
A. RENCHER.

A BEAR KILLED IN JOHNSTON COUNTY. A black bear was killed a few days since on Reedy Branch, Johnston County, by Mr. Irvin A. Woodard. His gross weight was 202 pounds—nett, 165. Mr. Woodard, from his own account even, exhibited considerable courage for one who had never seen such an animal. He shot him once—then beat him with a pole, then shot him again; after which the bear rose up and made off, when he jumped on him, threw him over and despatched him. He says the animal made one pass at him, just missing his breast.

The place where he was killed is near Buffalo Swamp, about five miles from the Wake line. Doubtless he followed the Neuse, from Craven or Jones Counties.

The dressed meat, which appeared to be tender and quite fat, was sold in our market on Friday morning last.

☞ Mr. Cantwell, the Editor of the North Carolina Statesman, is in town, and we learn the first number of the paper will be issued in a few days. Our personal relations with Mr. Cantwell have always been of the most friendly character, and we hope nothing may occur to change them. But we shall maintain our position, and the "faith once delivered by the fathers," without regard to men, movements, or events; our business is with principles, and our first duty is *to the Democratic masses.*

The course of this new journal has been foreshadowed by its prospectus, to say nothing of the circumstances which are to bring it into being. We believe it can be of no service to the Democratic cause, but that, on the other hand, it may injure that cause; if we thought otherwise, we should greet it as an ally and friend.

"The voice is Jacob's voice, but the hands are the hands of Esau."

☞ The communication over the signature of "Wilkes" has been received, and shall appear in our next.

LITERARY NOTICES.

SALAD FOR THE SOLITARY, *By an Epicure.* Albeit too much engrossed with busy cares to have many solitary hours, there are moments when the mind is unfit for the severer studies of the day; and any book which requires continued, studious thought, is a weariness. Then to draw the curtains, wheel the arm chair before the blazing hearth and laying aside all anxious thought, to pick up such a volume as the one before us is a luxury indeed.

We had formed no idea of the character of this book from its name, and still less when we turned to the title page and saw the salad bowl and its accompaniments, with the following motto:

"Oh herbaceous treat!
T'would tempt the dying anchorite to eat,
Back to the world he'd turn his weary soul,
And plunge his fingers in the salad bowl!"
SIDNEY SMITH.

On examination we found it to be a salad for the literary palate, a combination of good things from various authors as well as from the compiler himself. The first chapter on Dietetics is not only amusing but contains many little curious items, not familiar to most readers; and so we may say of the others, especially the one on curious costly books. The unprecedented popularity of this book may be judged by the fact stated in one of the New York papers, some months after publication, that it had gone through an edition *every week* since it was published. We had marked several extracts with which we hoped to entertain our readers, but their multiplicity and variety puzzle us to select; so we refer them to the book itself.

In the chapter entitled "Citations from the Cemeteries" there are many curious epitaphs given, some of very ancient date. The following "admonitory voice from a tomb in Hertford Church yard, Norfolk," will at least be perused with interest by the advocates of the Temperance cause:

"My grandfather lies buried here,
My cousin Jane, and two uncles dear,
My father perished with an inflammation in his eyes,
My sister dropped down dead in the Minories:
But the reason why I'm here interred, according to my thinking,
Is owing to my good living and hard drinking!
Therefore, good people, if you wish to live long,
Don't drink too much wine, brandy, gin or anything strong."

There are some others we should like to copy but refrain, presuming that all who love the curiosities of literature will purchase this book.

We are indebted for this as well as other favors to our obliging and gentlemanly bibliopolist, Mr. Pomeroy, at whose book store may be procured the newest publications as well as a fine selection of standard works.

☞ We are requested to state that another, and a very large supply of Bibles and Testaments, embracing a great variety, in the size, style of binding, &c. &c., has been just received, for the Wake County Bible Society, and may be had, by those too poor to pay, for nothing—and by others, at rates astonishingly cheap. Some of them are splendid copies, and would answer very well as a Christmas or New Years' present. They are kept at the Presbyterian Parsonage.

BURR STUCK. Burr, of the Wilmington Herald, complains that some one stole his "Christmas turkey." Bad—but we have no doubt our cotemporary made up for the loss on fish and oysters. Still he is not entirely out of heart, for he wishes his readers "a merry Christmas." We expected the *Turkey* question would be settled about Christmas.

MASONIC. A funeral sermon will be preached at Smithfield, over the body of the late H. J, Bell, by Rev. P. W. Archer, on the second Sunday in January next. All Masons are requested to attend.

☞ A new Post office has been established in Cumberland, on the road to Raleigh, on the east side of Cape Fear River, called "Mary's Garden," and Geo. W. Lawrence appointed Postmaster.

☞ We shall publish at length in our next the proceedings of the last Democratic State Convention, by way of refreshing the minds of our Democratic friends as to what was done two years ago.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON. It is stated that the decreased receipts of Cotton at all the Southern ports, as compared with those of last year at this date, is 495,000 bales.

☞ Congress has adjourned over for the Christmas holydays. See the interestiug letter of our Washington Correspondent.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. T. L. Clingman and Hon. Harry Hibbard for public documents.

TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC. Wrested a second time from the tiger grasp of the Austrian tyrant, I owe my liberation mostly to the generous will of the people of the Union, who, awakening to the consciousness of their providential mission and destiny, seem determined to protect those bound to their fate by the voluntary oath of allegiance. To this generous will, which has inspired the acts of those entrusted with the executive power, and which found its real manly expression in the heroic soul of Captain Ingraham.

On touching again the shores of America, I feel it my first duty to give a feeble expression of that gratitude which I cherish in the inermost of my heart toward all those who have taken active or even sympathising part in that extraordinary case, on which the American Eagle for the first time loosed its thunderbolts for the protection of the weak, for human and international right. Being only an accidental cause of this international event, which have saved me, my gratitude even the most ardent, can be only of little value to the American people; but the hope, the admiration and sympathy of nations longing for liberty, and, on the other hand, the confusion and fear of presumptuous and wanton despots, is a reward noble in its sources, lasting in its efficacy, and worthy of a "people of sovereigns."

Most respectfully,
MARTIN KOSSTA.

New York, Dec. 14, 1853.

Meeting of Soldiers of 1812.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22. A meeting of soldiers of the war of 1812 was held at the City Hall, this evening. Col. John S. Williams was appointed President; Gen. McCalla and Capt. De La Roche, Vice Presidents, and James Lawrenson, Secretary. A preamble and resolutions were adopted appointing a committee of thirteen to unite in general convention with their brother soldiers in Philidelphia, on the 8th of January next. Patriotic addresses were delivered by the President, Gen. McCalla, Messrs. Cochrane, McNeir, De La Roche, C. R. Johnson, J. W. McCulloh and others, which were received with much enthusiasm. M.

Terrible and Fatal Steamboat Explosion.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 22. The steamer Marlborough bursted her boiler at this port, this morning, with a fearful explosion, and her Captain, the Captain's mate, engineer, pilot, and two of the hands, were killed almost instantly. Several others were wounded—some very seriously, and others perhaps fatally; two others slightly. The immediate cause of this explosion has not yet been ascertained.

GREAT RECEIPTS ON THE PLANK ROAD. We learn from E. L. Winslow, Esq., President of the F. & W. Plank Road, that the tolls actually received during the month of November amounted to $2,884 13. In November, 1852, the amount was $1,600 80; an increase of nearly 50 per cent. For the first half of the present month the receipts have been about $1,750; whilst for the whole month of December, 1852, the amount was $2,091 20.—*Fay. Observer.*

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER AMERICA.

The Eastern Question—The Four Powers Anxious for Peace—Refusal of an Armistice by Turkey—The Turks still Triumphant in Asia—Affairs in England and Continental Europe—State of the Markets—Advance in Breadstuffs.

EASTERN AFFAIRS.—The Four Powers have resumed their joint action in favor of peace, and have recognized, by a formal protocol, the importance of preserving the present territorial arrangement of Europe. They propose a conference, open to the representatives of Russia and Turkey. The proposition was unfavorably received by the liberal press.

Abbi Pasha had invaded Georgia. The port of Odessa was frozen up.

Two companies of Wallachian militia had deserted to Omar Pasha.

A small Turkish steamer, the Mejidah, had been taken by a Russian frigate, but afterwards recapturerd by a Turkish frigate.

The Turkish government refuses to submit to a three months' armistice, proposed by England, in consequence of which the English minister had a long audience with the Sultan, which was followed by an extraordinary meeting of the Divan.

At an entertainment given to the officers of the allied fleet, on board a Turkish flag-ship, Lord Stratford made a speech connecting the promised aid of Britain with strong recommendations of peace. The Sultan replied that he desired peace, but not if incompatible with his sovereign rights and honor.

The Russians after three bloody engagements had been driven back, and the fortresses of Saffa and Akistan taken by Selim Pasha by assault. The Russians attacked the Turkish entrenched camp at Bayazid, but were repulsed. The Russians had also failed in their final attempt to re-take Fort St. Nicholas.

An engagement of magnitude occurred near Oreska on the 4th, in which the Russians were completely routed, leaving many of their dead and wounded on the field.

The Turks had captured Akbalgikh in Georgia, and the Russians were so hard pressed that an additional force of 16,000 troops had been sent to their relief.

No movements of importance along the banks of the Danube. The Turks were still fortifying Kalafat.

The Turkish fleet cruising in the Black Sea, had returned to the Bosphorus. The Turks were highly elated, and their armies were admirably provisioned, and punctually paid.

The Russians were suffering badly from sickness.

Some Americans had joined the Turkish camp.

A legion of Circassians was formed at Constantinople under Saffi Bey.

The Russian General had been removed from the command of the army in Moldavia, and Prince Gortchakoff appointed in his place.

The Greek Patriarch at Constantinople had requested permission to accompany the Sultan to camp to prove that the Greek Church prefers the Sultan to the Czar.

There were accounts of encounters between the Montengrins and Turks.

A despatch from Vienna of the 6th states the Russian troops in Little Wallachia had retired before Ismail Pasha.

FRANCE. The French Minister had been instructed to demand of Austria an explanation of the recent alleged arrangements with Persia. The explanation was said to be satisfactory.

An article in the Paris Moniteur of Friday had caused a considerable rise in the funds. The threes closed at 76f. 8c.

The cholera lingers in the suburbs of Paris.

SPAIN. Various movements amongst the Carlist chiefs were reported.

ROME. Twenty young men had been arrested, charged with belonging to a London secret society.

THE MARKETS. *Liverpool, Dec.* 10. In Cotton, a moderate business was doing at unchanged rates. Sales of the week 39,000 bales, of which speculators took 4,250, and exporters 2,250 bales. Stock 630,000 bales. Quotations—fair Orleans 6¾d; Middling 6d; fair Mobile 6¼d; Middling 5¾d; fair Upland 6¾d; Middling 5¾d a 5¾d.

Brown & Shipley quote an advance of 1s. to 1s.6d. per bbl. in Flour, and 3d to 4d. per 70 lbs. in Wheat. Corn quiet but firm.

No sales of Tar, Turpentine or Rosin. Sales of 250 bbls. Spirits Turpentine at 56s.

THE PROPOSED CHANGE IN THE TARIFF. The following is the list of articles which have hitherto paid a duty, but which the Secretary of the Treasury now proposes to admit free:

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Amount imported.	Amount of duty yielded.
Arsenic	3,0512	$4,500
Barks used for medicine and tanning	318,000	47,720
Brimstone	186,000	29,001
Books	723,221	144,700
Mahogany and all ornamental woods and fire woods	463,000	92,600
Brazil woods, other dyewoods in stick	355,380	17,000
Cochineal	414,000	41,000
Codilla, or hemp of tow or flax, cwt.	1,562,000	78,000
Cream of tartar	311,000	60,000
Engravings, etchings or plate	107,000	10,000
Flaxseed and linseed	633,000	65,000
Hatters' furs	1,627,000	162,000
Hair	358,000	35,000
India rubber	681,000	68,000
Indigo	1,281,000	120,000
Ivory	238,000	12,000
Linens	8,897,317	1,760,000
Oils of palm, cocoanut and olive	455,000	80,000
Raw hides and skins, of all kinds and in all conditions	5,941,678	297,000
Rags	982,837	50,000
Salt	1,059,000	210,000
Saltpetre and potash	1,309,000	97,000
Raw silk	712,000	106,000
Spices of all kinds	802,000	346,000
Steel bars, cast, shear or German	2,718,000	427,000
Tin, in plates and sheets	4,709,000	705,000
Tin, in pigs	724,000	36,000
Watches and parts of watches	3,217,000	321,000
Zinc, spelter or tenteneque	628,000	62,000
Wines, except Champagne and adulterated wines	2,114,000	845,000
Opium	346,000	172,000
Sulphate of quinine	223,000	44,000
Soda ash	845,000	179,000
Wool worth less than 10c. per lb	674,111	201,000
IMPORTS FOR 1853,		
Woolens	$27,439,904	$7,574,530
Cottons	26,681,830	6,658,337
Hempen goods	479,171	95,334
Iron, and manufacture of	27,015,364	3,104,600
Sugar	14,987,776	4,496333
Hemp	329,122	98,737
Salt	100,059,432	211,886
Coal	470,010	147,003
Total	$198,462,609	$27,387,269

A letter from Washington says that it is also proposed to place an advalorem duty of 100 per cent. on the following imports:

Brandy and other spirits distilled from grain or other material: Cordials, Absynthe, Arrack, Curacoa, Kirschenwasser, Liquers, Maraschino, Ratafia, and other spirituous liquors, and beverages of a similar character.

For the Standard.

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE.

To-day we close the Fall Session of this Institution—one of the most prosperous that we have ever had. Our students generally have demeaned themselves with great propriety, and studied well, especially our Senior Class; their high moral bearing and attention to College duties have rendered our official and social relations most gratifying.

Our Spring Session will open the twelfth day of January next.

Mr. O. H. P. Coprew, who was lately appointed to the Chair of Natural Philosophy, will then enter upon his duties. This, together with an arrangement for a French Class, now in operation, completes our Board of Instruction, and entitles us to an increased share of public patronage.

WILLIAM A. SMITH,
President R. M. College.

December 15th, 1853.

From our Washington Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, December 23, 1853.

Proceedings of Congress—Cass, Douglas, Badger and others in the Senate; Wright, Bayly, and others in the Senate—Gen. Scott and his eulogists—Committee on Naval Affairs and the recommendation of the Secretary—The question of the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and its present incumbent, Peter G. Washington—Sentinel vs. Union—Bronson, & Co. at Washington—Houses adjourn ocen for Christmas.

The week has closed, and although not much of news worthy of communicating, yet both Houses have commenced the work of the session in much earnestness. The Resolution of Gen. Cass as regards the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, calling on the President for the correspondence is a loop whereon much debate will be hung. You may recollect last spring this question upon motion of Mr. Clayton was before the Senate, and produced an able and animated debate between Mr. Clayton and Judge Douglas, wherein it was universally conceded that the late Premier came off second best, and was fairly demolished by the stalwart arm of the Little Giant. By the terms of this Treaty it is agreed by England and the United States that neither shall seek to obtain exclusive control over the projected canal (Nicaragua,) neither occupy or colonize any part of Central America. It was stated that acting under former instructions, a treaty had been formed by our Charge with Nicaragua giving the United States full and entire control of the canal—that by the Clayton-Bulwer and other treaties these advantages were sacrificed by Mr. Clayton; and even by the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty allowing the British to occupy and fortify the Bay Islands, this Government had ignominiously crouched to that power, and allowed her to violate her plighted faith, this too by an Administration of which Mr. Clayton was Premier.

The documents will be forthcoming, and we may expect some fierce and fiery debate, Cass is very restive under the positions made by Mr. Clayton in his speech last Spring—hence the resolution.

It is understood, from the thinness of the Senate—which will continue until after the Holy days—that the important appointments made in the recess by the President will not be submitted for their advice and consent until after the New Year.

The Senate had before them on yesterday a bill authorizing the President to confer the rank of Lieutenant General by brevet on General Scott. Your Senator, Mr. Badger, made a most happy off hand eulogy upon General Scott—as possessing all the military genius of Napoleon, the bravery of Wellington, combined with the virtues of Washington. It passed by a vote of 30 to 12. Gen. Scott is without this the highest officer in the Army—General Commanding in Chief of the U. S. Army. He can rise to higher. To confer brevet rank without any possible opportunity of employment in that rank, is an idle title, a mere shadow of the nobility of Marshals, Dukes, and Emperors, and is engendered by the same feeling. That General Scott is a soldier, brave and experienced none doubts. Honor he has, and he deserves. He has set his heart on this gewgaw, "bauble and feather" as Mr. Petit termed it in the Senate, and the kind hearted Senate are disposed to gratify him.

In the House, the question of Slavery has been introduced by Gerrit Smith, whose Speech was evidently elaborately prepared, and from the violent efforts to gain the floor, had he not obtained the opportunity to deliver it he would have exploded. He presented nothing new, but the old stereotyped and exploded dogmas of Giddings and others.

The Committee on Naval Affairs have reported a bill in conformity to Mr. Dobbin's recommendation for building forthwith six war steamers. The Senate Committee, also, through Senator Gwinn have expressed a desire to carry out the excellent suggestions of the Secretary. This feeling is general in both houses, with all parties. No such compliment has been paid to any other Secretary's report as yet; and your countryman richly deserves the high encomiums that his report has received from every portion of the republic. His excellent suggestions as regards the condition of the gallant sailors, on providing better pay, and additional inducements to serve under the flag of their country commands the sympathy and respect of all. To the poor sailor it proves that he may depend upon his country's gratitude for faithful and efficient services, and that the government like

"A sweet little cherub, sits aloft
And watches the life of poor Jack."

The bill from the Senate making the appointment of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury dependent on the President and Senate, is still under debate. It passed the Senate without a dissenting vote. An amendment is before the House to make the provision inoperative as to the present incumbent, Peter G. Washington, to whom from some cause there is great opposition both in and out of Congress. The bill from the Senate, giving the President and Senate the power is eminently proper; for this officer is of great importance, receives a high salary, and should as all others of similar salary have his claims and character examined. If solid and fair, scrutiny can only make it more bright; if sordid or corrupt no such should have place or power.

The Sentinel is out in a furious attack upon the Union, for publishing extracts from different presses denouncing the coalition of the Whigs, abolitionists and a few democrats in the election of Senate Printee, and defends the position by showing that a similar coalition was formed by the Union with the Republic. There was no coalition in the case of the Union and the Republic. Boyd Hamilton had taken the contract and could not fulfil it; the Committee on Printing gave a part to the Union and a part to the Republic. There was no combination of interest between conflicting principles.

Judge Bronson and others are here from New York, and it is believed that their chief object is to prevent the confirmation of his successor to the Collectorship.

Your countryman, Judge Pearson, is here also—to see and be seen.

Secretary Davis had his first reception last night, which was numerously attended, and splendid beyond description.

The Postmaster General comes off next, and Gov. Marcy as soon as he has moved to his new residence, now being finished by Mr. Corcoran, the Banker.

As Mr. Dobbin and General Cushing have no ladies in their establishment, it is thought that their receptions will be confined to select dinner parties, far more satisfactory and agreeable, unless some fair one should happen to catch these good men, and that, as the Lawyer said, "alters the case."

Both Houses adjourned over to Tuesday, and but little business will be done until after new year; when the committees will report, the calls on the Executive responded to, and the positions of parties and leading men, now so uncertain, fairly and openly defined. LITTLE DAVY.

MARRIED,

In this City, on the evening of the 22nd inst., by the Rev. Wm. E. Pell, Mr. William B. Hutchings, to Miss Ann Rebecca Culbreth, eldest daughter of the Rev. Daniel Culbreth.

"There's a bliss beyond all that the minstrel has told,
When two, that are linked in one heavenly tie,
With hearts never changing and brow never cold,
Love on through all ills, and love on till they die.
One hour of a passion so sacred is worth,
Whole ages of heartless and wandering bliss;
And oh! if there be an Elysian on earth,
It is this—It is this."

In Rockingham county, N. C., on Tuesday evening the 30th inst., by the Rev. Robert Shred, Mr. James H. Lindsay to Miss Melvina D. Ratliffe.

Register please copy.

In Jones county, on the evening of the 14th inst., at the residence of Bryan B. Williams, by Dempsey Harper, Esq., Mr. William Pollock, high Sheriff of Jones county, to Mrs. Olly Harper, all of Jones county.

Spirit of the Age and Newbern Atlantic please copy.

On the 15th December, by C. A. Harrison, Esq., Mr. William N. Raiford to Miss Sally Jane Wilson, daughter of the late Ishani Wilson—all of Sampson County.

In Sampson county, on the 14th inst., by Rev. Colin Shaw, Col. J. G. McDugald, of Bladen, to Miss Mary Amelia Faison, daughter of Wm. Faison, Esq., of Sampson.

On Core Creek, Craven, on Thursdey evening last, by William B. Wadsworth, Esqr., Mr. Nathaniel H. Street to Mrs. Catharine Ernull, daughter of William Simmons, Esq.

DIED,

In Chapel Hill, on the 28th of December, John D. Hurst, only son of Dudley and Mary A. F. Hurst, aged one year, four months and seven days. "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for such is the kingdom of Heaven."

THE MARKETS.

FAYETTEVILLE, Dec. 27.

Most of the COTTON received during the past week has been stored. Some sales were made at 9¾ and 10 cents. CORN is selling at 85 to 90 cts. FLOUR is lower—receipts during the week have slightly fallen off, but the supply is more than equal to the demand, and sales are making at $5 25 to $5 50 for super.

RIO COFFEE has further advanced, and is worth 13 cts. with upward tendency.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE is dull at 53 to 55 cents per gal.
RAW do $3 25 per bbl. *Carolinian.*

WILMINGTON, Dec. 24.

NAVAL STORES.—In TURPENTINE we note sales yesterday of 426 bbls. at $4 65 for yellow, $5 00 for virgin, and $3 10 @ $3 15 for hard—@ 280 lbs. This morning some 200 bbls. on market, for which above quotations have been offered, but not sold at the time of closing our enquiries.—In SPIRITS TURPENTINE, we hear of about 400 bbls. having changed hands yesterday on private terms—supposed at 57 cents, as we learn that 56 cents was offered and refused. Nothing done this morning; there are buyers at 56 cents, but no sellers.—Sales of 75 bbls. TAR at $2 30 @ bbl.

LUMBER—River—Two rafts sold on last Thursday at $7 00 for scantling, $8 50 for wide boards, and $13 @ M. for flooring boards.

HAY—Some 300 @ 400 bales Northern make on market unsold. Heavy supply in store, and no demand.

TIMBER—Sales of seven rafts at $6 50, $5, $9 @ $8 25 @ M. *Journal.*

JUVENILE BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—The Wonder Book for Girls and Boys, by Nathaniel Hawthorne; True Stories from History and Biography, by Nathaniel Hawthorne; Abbott's Juvenile; Rabbo Books; Lucy Books; Marco Paul Stories; Franconia Stories, &c., &c., The Boy's Treasury of Sports, Pastimes and Recreations, with nearly four hundred illustrations; The Life of Daniel Webster, designed for the American Youth; Leila, or the Island; Mrs. Edgeworth's Stories for Children; The Village Queen, with watercolor drawings; The Goldenlink, or, Tales and Poems for the Young; The Desert Home, by Capt Mayne Reid; The Bay Hunters, by Capt. Mayne Reid; Mid Summer Joys, by Susan Vindar; The Home Treasury, a Series of Stories for the Young; Aunt Fanny's Stories; Parley's Short Stories for Long Nights; Robinson Crusoe, illustrated with two hundred engravings, the only complete American edition; Adventures in Fairy Land; Holiday House; Gems from Table Land; Sandford and Merton; Swiss Family Robinson; The Child's Own Book; The Arabian Nights; Robin Hood, with colored engravings; The Nursery Gift, with colored engravings; Story of Stories, or, Fun for Little Ones; Æsop in Rhyme; Recollections of my Childhood, by Grace Greenwood; History of my Pets, by Grace Greenwood; The London Doll; The Story of an Apple; Christmas Blossoms; The Juvenile Keepsake. For sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, December 24th, 1853. 11—

TAR RIVER MALE ACADEMY.—THE TAR River Academy will be opened on Monday the 2nd day of January next under the charge of J. C. Rhodes, A. M., a graduate of one of the oldest and best established Colleges in the United States, and has had several years experience in important Institutions, in which he has been eminently successful as a teacher.

The Trustees of this institution have spared no pains nor expense to procure the services of a gentleman qualified in every respect as an instructor of youth. The Academy building is commodious and pleasantly located; the neighborhood agreeable and healthy; living is cheap only *five dollars a month*, and here youth will not be exposed to dangerous temptations and vicious practices, which are the bane of many localities. Gentlemen wishing to prepare their sons or wards for College, to enter the Freshman or more advanced classes, will find it profitable to place them for instruction in this Academy. Others wishing to take a partial course, and in the English branches, to prepare themselves for the business of life, can have the best advantages here.

The branches taught will be the Greek and Latin languages, Trigonometry and Surveying, Geometry, Algebra, and Mensuration, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Philosophy of Natural History, Astronomy, Ancient and Modern History, Rhetoric, Declamation and Composition, Geography, English Grammar, Arithmetic, &c.

The terms per Session of 22 weeks will be

Elementary branches,	$7 50
Higher English,	$10 to 12 50
Ancient Languages,	15 00

This school is located in Granville County, nine miles west of Oxford.

TRUSTEES. Dr. Jas. A. Russell, William Clement, Allen Waller, Lewis P. Allen, Jas. C. Cozart.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

C. W. ALLEN, *Secretary.*

Tar River P. O., Granville Co. N. C. Dec. 20. 12—3J.

ELEGANT BOOKS, *PREPARED AND PUBlished expressly for the Fall and Holiday sales of* 1853-54. *All of the following are splendidly illustrated.* THE WhiteVeil, a bridal Gift, McCaulay's lays, of Ancient Rome, The Bow in the Cloud, or covenant Mercy for the Afflicted, Roger's complete Poetical Works, Campbell's complete poetical Works, Moore's Irish Melodies, Edith May's Poetical works, the Proverbialist and the Poet, Cabinet of Modern Art, First Series. Cabinet of Modern Art, Second Series. Lyrics of the Heart, &c. by Alaric A. Watts, Records of Woman, Songs of the Affections, &c., by Mrs. Hemans, Read's Female Poets of America, Hart's Female Prose-writers of America, Tupper's Poetical Works, Leaflets of Memory, an Illuminated Annual for 1854, Friendship's offering for 1854, the Snow Flake for 1854, Affection's Gift for 1854, the Gem Annual for 1854, Christmas Blossoms, a Juvenile Gift for 1854, Butler's Royal Quarto Bible, elegant styles. Butler's Small Quarto Bible, elegant styles. Longfellow's Hyperion, Lady of the Lake, Book of the Passions, by James, Gray's Poetical Works, Specimens of British Poets by Campbell, Book of the Heart, Characteristics of Woman, by Mrs. Jameson, Poetry of the Year, or passages from the Poets, descriptive of the Seasons, Griswold's Female Poets of America, Halleck's Poetical Works, Pilgrim of Beauty, Poems of Amelia, Sacred Poets of England and America. For sale by

H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, Dec. 20th, 1853. 12—

VERY DESIRABLE FARM IN LENOIR COUNTY AND 40 LIKELY NEGROES FOR SALE. The subscriber intending to remove from the State, offers for sale "Waverly," the Plantation on which he resides, lying on

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS AT RALEIGH.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL,—(By Railroad,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 6¼ p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

SOUTHERN MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 3 p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

WESTERN MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coaches,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily, ... at 2½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 8 a. m.)

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday ..... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday ..... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.)

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coach.)—
Leaves daily, (except Sunday,) ..... at 7 a. m.
Arrives daily, (except Monday,) ..... at 11 p. m.
(Mail closes at 7 p. m.)

TARBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, ... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, ... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.)

ROXBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Horse,)—
Leaves Friday, ... at 12 m.
Arrives Friday ..... at 9 a. m.
(Mail closes Friday at 12 m.)

THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE HAS BEEN ordered by the Post Master General, and goes into operation on this Road to-day:

Leave Raleigh at 8 A. M., and reach Weldon at 1 P. M., in time for the Express train to Wilmington.
Leave Weldon at 1¾ P. M., and reach Raleigh at 6½ P. M.
Office Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co. } 84—
September 6th, 1853. }

WILSON & GRICE,
GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 11, High Street and Pierce's Wharf,
Portsmouth, Va.,

Give their personal and prompt attention to the Sale and Forwarding of Produce and Merchandize of every description, and make liberal consignments.

REFERENCES.
Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh.
" King, Thomas & Barrow, Louisburg.
" R. N. & D. C. Herndon, Oxford.
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren County.
Col. S. S. Royster, Granville.
Messrs. Jno. White & Co., Warrenton.
" Montgomery & Plummer, Warrenton.
Col. Walter Gwynn, Chief Eng. Central Rail Road.
SAMUEL M. WILSON. GEO. W. GRICE
May 2d, 1853. 48—1y.

GOLDSBORO' DRUG STORE.—VAUGHAN & MOORE, Druggists and Apothecaries, Goldsboro', N. C., wish to impress upon the minds of the citizens not only of Wayne county, but the whole of this portion of the State, that they have on hand, and are daily receiving one of the largest and most select stocks of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, &c., that has ever been offered for sale in North Carolina. They call attention to the following catalogue, which, though imperfect in itself, will convey a faint idea of their assortment, viz:

Drugs and Chemicals.

30 lbs. Acetic Acid, 6 oz. Elaterium (Clut.)
5 " Benzoic " 20 Rolls Emp. Adhesive,
10 " Citric " All kinds of Extracts and Confections,
25 oz. Hydrocyanic do.
5 Carboy's Sulphuric do. 50 lbs. Hoffman's Anodyne
3 " Nitric do. 10 " Fowler's Solution.
3 " Muriatic do. 25 " Goulard's Ext. Lead,
20 lbs. Sulphuric Aether, 10 " Iodine,
5 Carboy's Spts Nitre, 10 " Iodine Potassae,
4 Boxes Tartaric Acid, 10 " Cirate Iron,
4 Carboy's Aqr. Ammonia, 20 oz. do do and Qui.
2 " do Spts do 20 " Lactate do
50 lbs. Carbonate, do 50 " Balsam Copaiba,
25 " Liq Aminonia, 100 " Quinine,
5 " Tartar Emetic, 10 doz. Seidlitz Powders,
5 " Pulv. Animonialis, 100 gals Castor Oil,
6 " Golder Sulphurat do 100 " Flor Sulphur,
25 " Blue Mass, 10 bbls. Glue,
10 " Sub Nit Bismuth, 5 " Printer's Glue,
35 " Calomel (Opt.) 20 lbs. Opium, [Turky]
25 " Gum Camphor, Shakers Herbs,
200 " Chloride Lime, 50 " Gum Arabic
20 " Choloform, 25 " do Assafoetida,
50 " Peruvian Bark, 1 Balc Senna Alix.

Patent Medicine.

80 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment, 12 doz. Horseman's Hope,
24 " Hoofland's German Bit. 12 " Carter's Spanish Mix.
A large supply of Drs. Jayne's and Rose's Medicines kept constantly on hand, 6 " Gray's Ointment,
10 " Green Mountain do.
A large supply of Greafenberge Medicines.
1 gross Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
24 doz. Brown's Essence of Jamaica Ginger, R. R. R. Remedies and in fact almost every kind of Patent Medicine that can be called for.

Paints, Oils, &c.

195 kegs Pure White Lead 50 lbs. Chrome Green Dry and in Oil,
90 " Extra do. 50 " Chrom Yellow do.
40 " No 1 do 25 " Prussian Blue,
25 " Zinc Paint, 4 bbls. Linseed Oil,
1 bbl. Drop Black, 1 " Copal Varnish,
1000 Yellow Ochre, 10 cans Coach do.
2 casks Spanish Brown, 1 bbl. Japan do.
2 " Venetian Red, 1 " Black do.
3 kegs Red Lead, &c., &c., &c., &c.
5 " Litharge,
100 lbs. Putty.

Glass-Ware, &c.

80 gross Vials, assorted, 125 boxes French and American Window Glass,
6 crates, 3 hhds. of Druggists shop Furniture.

Perfumery, &c.

We have a very large assortment of Perfumery and Toilet articles, which we will sell very low.

We would say to all Physicians who wish to replenish their stock, that they may confidently rely upon getting the best of articles, as the whole of our assortment was purchased under the immediate supervision of the senior partner of the firm, (who as a Druggist, is second to none in the State,) with especial reference to their purity, medicinal action, and adaptation to the purposes required, and also with the utmost regard to their meeting the approval of customers and consumers. Having said this much, we make our bow to the public, whom we hope to be able to call a generous one. AMARIAH B. VAUGHAN,
JOHN SWANN MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 18, 1853. 100—3m.

HAIR DYE.—Do you admire the Raven's wing,
To suit your wish I'm just the thing,
But not to write a length puff,
To give black hair I'm just the stuff.
Apply it when you go to bed,
Next morn you'll scarcely know your head,
And when with joy you rise next morn,
You'll give your thanks to Moore & Vaughan.

We have on hand a large lot of Hair Dye, which we warrant to turn gray or red hair to a glossy black. All of you who have gray hair or red whiskers will please call and have them dyed at VAUGHAN & MOORE'S.
Goldsboro' Oct. 16. 100—

JUST RECEIVED.—100 ounces Sulphate Quinine,
10 ounces Ferriat Quinine Citras,
6 " Sulphate Morphine,
4 " Acetate "
4 " Valerianate "
2 " Veratria,
90 " Iron by Hydrogen,
50 pounds Blue Mass,
35 " Calomel, (Opt.,)
10 " Syrup Iodide Iron, (P. & W.'s
All of which will be sold low, by VAUGHAN & MOORE,
Apothecaries and Druggists.
Goldsboro', Oct. 16. 100—

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL, AND WINDOW GLASS. We keep constantly on hand a very large stock of all kinds of Paints, Oils, Window Glass, &c,, which we will sell as low as can be bought in the State. VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 19. 100—

125 OZS. QUININE.—We have made arrangements with Messrs. Powers & Weightman and Rosengarten & Dennis to receive their Quinine regularly, and are able to sell it lower than it can be bought in the State elsewhere. VAUGHAN & MOORE,
Druggists and Apothecaries.
Goldsboro', Oct. 19. 101—

WE HAVE RECEIVED 5 kegs Sup. Carb. Soda, 2 Bales Lamp Black, 1 Bale Hops—crop 1852, 500 lbs. Putty. All of which are warranted of the best quality. For sale in quantities to suit, by VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 16. 100—

BURNING FLUID AND CAMPHENE.—A supply of the best Burning Fluid and Camphene for sale low for Cash, by VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 16. 100—

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.—We are in receipt of one of the largest and most extensive assortments of Perfumery and Fancy Articles ever brought to North Carolina. All of which will be sold very low by VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 16. 100—

GRAY'S OINTMENT.—A supply of Gray's genuine Ointment for sale very low by VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 19. 101—

A LARGE supply of Castor Oil, Cream of Tartar, Cooking Soda, Pink Root, Sulphur, Salt Petre, Nut Megs, Mace, Spice, Pepper, Ginger. Annatto Camphire, Cinnamon, &c. For sale very low by VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsboro', Oct. 16. 100—

GUM AND CORDIAL DROPS. Fig, Marshmallow, Jujube and Liverwort paste, of various flavors, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.
Nov. 4th. 101—

FALL TRADE, 1853.—BOOTS & SHOES.—THE GREAT RIVALRY, Or WHO SHALL CONTROL THE NORFOLK SHOE-MARKET, AT WHOLESALE?—Some years ago the Proprietor of the famous Ladies' Shoe Saloon put in his claim to do a large share of this particular branch of the Shoe business, by importing one of the LARGEST STOCKS OF BOOTS AND SHOES which had ever been sent to Norfolk. Since then, at each successive season, our stock has gradually increased until the present time, and now we do a larger business than any other house in Eastern Virginia.

The Ladies' Saloon was first established about twelve years ago, and the Store has been repeatedly altered and enlarged to make room for Mr. ADDINGTON'S increasing trade, until now the old Store can be no longer enlarged. He has recently built for himself one of the largest Stores for his business in the United States.

The New Store is four times as large as the old one, so that hereafter we shall be prepared with the goods to do the largest Boot and Shoe Trade done in the State of Virginia.

(A complete description of this splendid new Store will be given about the 15th of July, when it will be opened.)

At the commencement of each season we have on hand from $80,000 to $100,000 worth of BOOTS and SHOES, while we constantly receive heavy shipments of goods during its continuance. Our success has indeed been signal, and why? Because we have always conducted our business on equitable principles, mutually benefiting the seller and the buyer.

This success is truly flattering to us, insomuch we intend to make still larger additions to our stock, and therefore invite all Country Merchants and Shoe Dealers to come and deal for the future with us at the new store.

HUNDREDS OF MERCHANTS have already availed themselves of our invitation, who return and buy goods at each season, saying, "they can do better at the LADIES' SALOON *than they can do at the North.*" We guarantee to sell at least 5 per cent. less than others, and to sell goods which will suit the retail trade of Virginia and North-Carolina Merchants better than any they may purchase elsewhere. The Stock consists in part of—

Gentlemen's Fine Boots and Shoes, of every fashionable variety,
Ladies' Gaiter Boots, Jenny Linds, and other celebrated styles,
Men's Calf-skin Brogans, of every variety,
" " Boots, " "
" Kip Brogans, " "
" " Boots, " "
" Coarse, Thick Brogans, for Negroes,
" " Boots, "
Dutch Women's Brogans, for outdoor Women, Field hands, and for Cooks,
Women's Leather Bootees, for House Servants, &c.
" Shoes of every kind and quality,
Boys' Kip and Coarse Boots and Shoes of all kinds,
Misses' and Children's Shoes of all kinds, over 100 different varieties.

The attention of Country Merchants is invited to this immence Stock of Boots, Shoes and Brogans, at the Ladies' Saloon, where they can buy every article wanted by them at the lowest wholesale prices, thereby saving themselves the trouble and expense of going to the North for their supplies.

TERMS—SIX MONTHS CREDIT.

☞ The Ladies' Saloon is on Main Street, near Walters' City Hotel.

W. H. ADDINGTON.
Norfolk, Va., July 6, 1853. 67—tf.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.—JUST RECEIVED AT THE LADIES' SALOON, Norfolk, Va., 100 cases India Rubber Shoes, which is a part of our Fall orders. This stock of Rubbers is of the very best quality, and will be warranted not to be affected by any temperature of the weather. It consists of Men's India Rubber Boots, short legs, long legs, and some extra long legs, for Wading and Fishing.

Men's India Rubber Shoes, Clogs, Slippers, Sandals, &c.
Women's India Rubber Boots, Bootees, Buskins, Slippers, Sandals, Clogs, and Over Gaiters.

Ladies' fine India Rubber Shoes, Slippers, Sandals, &c., of the most beautiful and delicate make.

A new style of Gossamer Rubbers for Ladies' have been just received also at the Ladies' Saloon. There has never been any thing like them out before, and as we are the Agents for the Manufacturer no other dealer in Norfolk or in the States of Virginia and North Carolina can sell them unless purchased through our House.

The Merchants of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Petersburg and Richmond as well as those country Merchants from Virginia and North Carolina can be supplied at Manufacturers' prices at the Ladies' Saloon, with the goods from this celebrated Factory. They are superior in point of durability, beauty and style to any others that are now made in this country.

The goods are now open for inspection, and orders are respectfully solicited.

The Ladies' Saloon is at No. 37, Main street, Norfolk, Va., Sign of the Large Plate Glass Windows.

W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.,
Norfolk, Va.
September 9th, 1853. 84—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.—WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, are now receiving large additions to their stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.
Raleigh, April 28, 1851. 94—

If you want a Cheap Bargain Call at the New FANCY STORE.

[Between Messrs. Pomeroy and Porter's Sign of Big Boot.]

THE SUBSCRIBERS TAKE GREAT PLEASURE TO inform the public that they have just received a large lot of Goods in their line, which they offer at the lowest prices, such as they hope will ensure them a share of the public patronage.

FANCY GOODS.—Fine French and German Reticules, Ladies Work-boxes, Velvet, Pearl, Silver and embossed Portemonnies, India-rubber round, Tucking and Dressing Combs, French China Coffees, Glass and China Vases, Children Tea Setts, Kid, Wax, China and India-rubber Dolls, Crying Babies, ass't Baskets, Hair, Tooth, Shaving, Cloth, Nail, and Comb Brushes, China Tea Setts, Toilet Setts, ass't Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, Snuff-boxes, Mirrors, Wostenholms, Pocket Cutlery, Musical Instruments, Umbrellas, Canes, Whips, &c.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.—Guns, ass't from $5 to $40. Brass and Steel Pistols, Allen's Self-cocking Pistols, Maynard's new patent and Colt's Revolvers, Powder-flasks, Shotbags, Game-bags, Leather Gun Covers, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.—Upmann Londres, Ambroisa, Fortuna, La Union, La Parra, all Havanna's, El Aguila, Ariana—Eo Principie Cigars. Smith's superior and Jenny Lind Chewing Tobacco. Gail's celebrated Smoking Tobacco, and Meerschaum bowls, long and short Pipes, &c.

CONFECTIONARY AND GROCERIES.—A well selected Stock. Toys, &c., a general assortment.

F. MAHLER & CO.
Raleigh, Oct. 3, 1853. 92—

SEPTEMBER.—FALL, 1853.—SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON would respectfully inform their customers and the trade generally, that they are now receiving by sundry packets and steamers their usual extensive assortment of CONFECTIONARY, FANCY ARTICLES, FRUITS, CIGARS, &c., selected in person by one of the firm, who has just returned from a Northern tour. They are also daily expecting an arrival of GERMAN, FRENCH and ENGLISH FANCY GOODS, of their own importation, which will make their assortment one of the largest and most complete now offered in this market. North Carolina and Virginia Merchants, may rely upon getting every article of the very best quality, and upon the most pleasing terms.
Petersburg, Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

S. H. YOUNG HAS IN STORE NEARLY HIS entire stock of Fall and Winter Goods.

At No. 21., may be found, among other goods, the following:

Plain and figured black Silks.
Ladies dress Goods of almost every description,
A good assortment of Embroidered Sleeves,
Collars, hand'k'f's, &c.,
Bonnet and Neck Ribbons,
Goods for Men and Boys wear,
Prints of almost every variety,
Glass and Earthern ware,
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
Sugar, Coffee, and Tea,
Leverings' Syrup—something nice,

With numerous other goods too tedious to mention. Call at No. 21, as we shall take pleasure in showing our Stock at all times and will sell cheap.
September 23, 1853. 89—t1stJ.

Notice to North Carolina & Virginia Merchants!

STEVENSON & WEDDELL, IMPORTERS AND Jobbers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, *Petersburg, Va.* Now offer to the trade, a large and commanding assortment of British and Continental Goods, together with a large stock of Domestic Fabrics, purchased before the recent advance in prices.

Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our assortment, as we feel confident we can offer as great inducements to purchasers as can be found in this or *any other market.*

N. B. Orders promptly Attended to.
Petersburg, Va., Sept. 6. 86—

Pianos! Pianos!!

3 BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANOS, 6 3-4 and 7 octaves, with highly ornamented cases from the Southern Factory of EGGERT & Co., which were intended for Exhibition at the N. C. State Fair, but arrived too late, are offered for sale.

They combine with a tone that rivals the best Chickering's a splendid article of furniture, that will decorate the finest parlor.

They are exhibited at F. Mahler's & Co., where the subscriber may be found at any time of the day.

CHAS. KLIFFMILLER, Agent.
Raleigh, Oct. 27, 1853. 90—2t

SOMETHING NICE,—JUST RECEIVED AT F Mahler's & Co.
2 doz. Spiced Oysters,
2 " Lobsters,
2 " Salmon,
2 " Cod,
12 " Preserves, Pickles and Brandy Peaches.
Oct. 11th, 1853. 94—

NORTH-CAROLINA MUTU'L INSURANCE COMPANY, *Raleigh,*—This Company has been in successful operation for more than seven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company, has been less than one-third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year:

DIRECTORS.

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, H. D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, Geo. McNeil, Fayetteville, J. G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensboro', } of Raleigh,
John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Bonner, Salem, J. H. Pool, Elizabeth City, F. F. Fagan, Plymouth, Alex'r Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Millon, A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorised to receive applications.

OFFICERS.

J. G. B. Roulhac, *President,*
Henry D. Turner, *Vice-President,*
S. W. Whiting, *Treasurer,*
John C. Partridge, *Secretary,*
John H. Bryan, *Attorney,*
J. Hersman, *General Agent,*
S. W. Whiting, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, } *Executive Committee.*

All communications in reference to Insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

JOHN C. PARTRIDGE, *Secretary.*
Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

GREENSBOROUGH Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY.—The cost of Insurance on the Mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock company. This company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country.

The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

DIRECTORS:

James Sloan, Dr. J. A. Mebane, C. P. Mendenhall, Wm. S. Rankin, Rev. C. F. Deems, James M. Garrett, Jno. H. Lindsay, W. J. McConnell, Greensborough. E. F. Lilly, Wadesborough. W. P. Moore, Newbern. H. H. Burwell, Henderson. J. L. Bridgers. Tarborough. Dr. S. G. Coffin, Jamestown. William A. Wright, Wilmington. Dr. C. Watkins, Carolina F. College. John I. Shaver, Salisbury. John H. Cook, Fayetteville. J. J. Biggs, Raleigh. Robert E. Troy, Lumberton. Dr. Rob't H. Scales, Lenox Castle.

Geo. T. Cooke, Raleigh, *General Agent.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary.*
December 12th, 1853. 8—1y.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—*Office, Raleigh, N. C.*—This Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5,000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for two-thirds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, *President.*
Wm. D. Haywood, *Vice President.*
James F. Jordan, *Secretary.*
Wm. H. Jones, *Treasurer.*
Quentin Busbee, *Attorney.*
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, *Examining Physician.*
J. Hersman, *General Agent.*

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.
Raleigh, April 28th, 1850. 51—

CASWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—This Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and located in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which Insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to Willis J. Palmer, *Secretary,* or the subscriber.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton, N. C., April 15th, 1853. 43—tf.

☞ The STANDARD OFFICE is being thoroughly re-fitted with an extensive assortment of New and Beautiful TYPE, of every description, and suited to all qualities and kinds of work—New PRESSES, and *every* other appliance requisite in the execution of the best quality of work at the greatest speed.
Raleigh, *July* 30, 1853.

HENRY PORTER WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN of Raleigh and the surrounding country, that he has just returned from the Northern Markets and is now receiving his **FALL STOCK,** which embraces nearly every article usually found in a Boot and Shoe Store.

The following comprises a list of Goods constantly kept on hand:

LADIES' Black, Bronze, Blue, Green and Light Colored Whole Gaiters,
" Ditto, Half "
" White Kid "
" Black Prunella Buskins,
" " Thick and Thin Soled Morocco Bootees,
" Bronze ditto, ditto,
" Black and Fancy Colored Jenny Linds,
" " Thick and Thin Soled Kid and Morocco Buskins,
" Bronze ditto, ditto,
" Black and Bronze Plain Morocco Slippers,
" Ditto, Imperial, a Fancy article,
" Embroidered Cloth Slippers,
" White Kid "

A good assortment of Misses' Gaiters, Bootees, Slippers, and a variety of Children's and Infants' Shoes.

GENT.'S Fine Calf Stitched and Pegged Boots,
" Calf and Kip Sewed and Pegged do.,
" P. L. Cloth and Morocco top Congress Gaiters,
" Fine Calf Stitched Bootees,
" Palo Alto Shoes,
" Goat Bootees,
" Goat and Cloth Slippprs,
BOYS' Calf and Kip Boots,
" " Shoes,
YOUTHS' " Boots,
" " Shoes.

Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Trunks, Valises, Bonnet-Boxes, Carpet-Bags, Satchels, Kits, Finding Lasts, &c., always kept on hand.

TO THE TRADE.—TO HIS OLD CUSTOMERS he returns his sincere thanks, and hopes by the inducements here offered, to retain their patronage, and also secure the patronage of all who desire good work and good materials. "Small profits and quick sales," is my motto.

HENRY PORTER,
Sign of the "Big Boot."
Fayetteville Street.

MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT!—THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers and the community at large, that his MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT is still in full blast—supplied with the very best Workmen, and a plentiful stock of No. 1 Lemoine Calf-Skins, as well as every thing else requisite to make the finest Boots, Shoes, &c., that can be made, and will warrant his work not to be surpassed any where.

☞ Repairing strictly attended to.

Call at the Sign of the MAMMOTH BOOT,
Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, Sept. 23, 183. 89—

HENRY T. CLAWSON, COACH AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER. Also, Manufacturer to Bent Felloes, Shafts, Hubs, Spokes, Poles, Spring Bars, &c., warranted the best quality of Timber.

All manner of Couch work executed in the best style of the art.

Repairing done in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice.
Franklinton, Franklin County, N. C. 97—

$20 REWARD.—RAN AWAY FROM THE Subscriber, in the month of May last, a negro slave named PAUL, aged about 25 years, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, with a large mouth and fine teeth—weighs about 160 or 165 pounds. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me at Raleigh.

M. A. BLEDSOE.
Raleigh, August 25, 1853. 81—tf.

GREENSBOROUGH MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY. This Company, as its name indicates, is upon the *mutual principle,* and embraces two distinct departments, to wit: Life Insurance and Trust departments. This attractive combination offers to Policy holders double the ordinary security, without destroying their right to a full participation in the entire profits of the Company. Premiums will be received, in cash, either annually, semi-annually or quarterly, as may be agreed upon at the time the Policy is issued.

In the TRUST DEPARTMENT, or Deposit System, the payments made to the Company are entirely optional with the Depositor, as regards the amount and the time at which they are made. A party may pay in as much or as little (not less than one dollar,) and as often as may be convenient for him, without any obligation upon him to continue his payments—and may withdraw them at his pleasure.

So that, on the plan of this Company, there is created at one and the same time an Assurance *payable at death—a fund available in sickness*—and *a provision for old age.*

☞ See pamphlets furnished by the Company.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

DIRECTORS.

Ralph Gorrell, Lyndon Swaim, John A. Gilmer, D. F. Caldwell, Richard Greene, David McLean, Richard Sterling, John M. Logan, D. P. Weir, E. W. Ogburn, Robert M. Sloan, Robert P. Dick, Henry B. Elliott.

OFFICERS.

President—Ralph Gorrell,
Vice-President—Lyndon Swaim,
Secretary and *Treasurer*—D. P. Weir,
Attorney—John A. Gilmer,
Examining Physician—Edwin Watson, M. D., *Consulting Physicians*—D. C. Mebane, M. D.; J. L. Cole, M. D.; D. P. Weir, M. D.
General Agent—William H. Cumming.

*** Any information relative to the Company may be had by addressing D. P. WEIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.
February 17, 1853. 27—tf.

NORTH-CAROLINA & NORFOLK.—THE PRACTICAL HATTERS would respectfully call the attention of the "Trade" and "Dealers" to their stock of SPRING AND SUMMER HATS,

the largest and best that has ever been offered in Norfolk, and not surpassed by any, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. They are confident that Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before making their purchases. Those that are willing to extend to us their patronage may rely on having Goods, whether of our own Manufacture or Imported, as Fashionable, Fine and Cheap as any Northern Jobber. We earnestly request Merchants to call and be *convinced* that we are prepared and *will* furnish every thing in our line on the best terms.

Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets in great variety. Canes and Umbrellas wholesale.

CEPHALOMETRON!

This beautiful instrument is considered one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age. It would be impossible, by the minutest description, to give a correct idea of its utility. Hats made by it will fit the most difficult heads, conforming to every protuberance and depression of the cranium, thus preventing the unpleasant feeling of a new Hat and painful headache. We could give you certificates of Physicians and the experience of the Trade, but prefer that all may examine for themselves. No one can properly appreciate its advantages without having one of our superior Hats.

☞ Hats made to order in the most fashionable manner, and without extra charge.

STEVENS & BUTT,
No. 7 Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.
May 11, 1853. 51—tf.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.—The subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North-Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own CLOTHING, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms. Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(*Successors to N. Perry.*)
Petersburg, Va., May 5th, 1852. 52—

GREAT EXCITEMENT!—IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms and Worms:* also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms and Worms, are as follows:—(by the pound, 37 cents, or by contract)—

7 barrel Still-cap, Arms and Worms, ... $400
10 " " " 485
12 " " " 525
14 " " " 585
16 " " " 615
18 " " " 650
20 " " " 695
25 " " " 750
30 " " " 850
35 " " " 900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, (fire and burning excepted.) His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,—A RICH ASSORTMENT of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,
Plain Satin and Lutestring Ribbons, all colors and widths,
French Worked Muslin Undersleeves,
Infants' French Worked Frock Bodies and Caps,
Ladies' French Worked Caps and Collars, a great variety,
" " Mourning and Half-Mourning Collars.
" " Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands,
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,
Imitation " " "
Lisle " " "
Bobbin " " "
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, 1853. 93—

Fall Trade, 1853.

P. F. PESCUD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Perfumery, Cigars, &c., is now receiving the *largest* and *most commanding* stock, that he has ever offered to the trade, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as can be obtained at any similar establishment in the South. Physicians and Dealers are cordially invited to examine the quality and prices of my articles before buying elsewhere.

Mr. Pescud takes this occasion to thank those Physicians, Country Merchants, and Contractors who have encouraged his efforts to build up a Wholesale Drug business at Raleigh, and hopes the time is rapidly approaching when it will be a rare occurrence for Dealers to send North for supplies in his line.

☞ Send your orders, for Drugs, &c., P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, if you want them filled promptly, neatly packed, and forwarded with dispatch, *upon terms which will give satisfaction.* P. F. PESCUD.
September 12, 1853. 86—

BALTIMORE PIANO MANUFACTORY.—IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT—*Elastic Universal Touch.*—Wisr & Brother, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladies can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the Cities among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. Wisr & Brother.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, *Agent.*
Raleigh, January 11th, 1850. 20—tf.

REMOVAL OF THE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber begs leave to inform his patrons, and the public in general, that he has moved from Wilmington Street, to the house lately occupied by F. Mahler as a fancy store, West side of the capitol.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, he solicits a continuance of the same, promising to use the very best materials and employ only superior workmen.

HENRY A. DEPKIN.
Raleigh, August 29th, 1853. 82—tf.

FORM BOOK.—THE NORTH CAROLINA FORM Book; containing all the most useful forms which occur in business transactions between man and man, as well as in official stations; together with the Constitution of North Carolina and of the United States; the Act fixing the Fees of Clerks, Sheriffs, &c., calculated for the use of the citizens of North Carolina, and made conformable to law. Compiled by a member of the North Carolina Bar.

For sale at the North Carolina Book-Store, by HENRY D. TURNER.
Raleigh, Aug. 12, 1853. 77—

GOODS FOR EVERY BODY.—GUNNY AND Hemp Bagging,
Brown, Clarified, Crushed and Loaf Sugar,
Rio, Laguira and Old Java Coffee,
Green and Black Tea, very good,
80 Kegs Nails and Brads.
J. BROWN.
Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

CANARY BIRDS AND CAGES. BEAUTIFUL and Substantial, for sale at the MUSIC STORE.
Raleigh, July 21, 1853. 71—

IRISH POTATOES.—10 BARRELS SUPERIOR quality, for table use, just received and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.

USEFUL STATISTICS.

[Carefully compiled for the Standard.]

Government of the United States.

	Salary.
FRANKLIN PIERCE, President, ...	$25,000
William L. Marcy, of New-York, Secretary of State,	8,000
James Guthrie, of Kentucky, Secretary of Treasury,	8,000
Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, Secretary of War,	8,000
James C. Dobbin, of North-Carolina, Sec'y of Navy,	8,000
R. A. McClelland, of Michigan, Secretary of Interior,	8,000
James Campbell, of Pennsylvania, Postmaster-Gen.,	8,000
Caleb Cushing,